

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS
MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REVIEW REPORT OF
INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS AS OF MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021
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REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Parade Technologies, Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Parade Technologies, Ltd. and Subsidiaries (the “Group”) as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the three months then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” and International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65 “Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity” in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three months then ended in accordance with “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” and International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Chou, Hsiao-Tzu

Liang, Hua-Ling

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

April 27, 2022

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the review of such consolidated financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and review report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
MARCH 31, 2022, DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND MARCH 31, 2021
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)
(THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 ARE REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

ASSETS	Notes	March 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		March 31, 2021		
		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Current assets								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 9,752,306	47	\$ 9,201,743	48	\$ 8,125,824	50
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(2)	1,603,903	8	1,394,595	7	1,629,283	10
130X	Inventories, net	6(3)	2,687,412	13	2,097,554	11	1,716,478	11
1470	Other current assets		486,468	2	343,437	2	356,629	2
11XX	Total current assets		<u>14,530,089</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>13,037,329</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>11,828,214</u>	<u>73</u>
Non-current assets								
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	6(4)	509,608	2	487,868	3	457,361	3
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(5)	232,999	1	234,571	1	282,617	2
1780	Intangible assets	6(6)	3,098,289	15	3,044,207	16	3,210,995	19
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(17)	276,374	1	244,042	1	215,861	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(7)	2,194,962	11	2,093,609	11	290,741	2
15XX	Total non-current assets		<u>6,312,232</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>6,104,297</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>4,457,575</u>	<u>27</u>
1XXX	TOTAL ASSETS		<u>\$ 20,842,321</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 19,141,626</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 16,285,789</u>	<u>100</u>

(Continued)

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
MARCH 31, 2022, DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND MARCH 31, 2021
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)
(THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 ARE REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Notes	March 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		March 31, 2021	
		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Current liabilities							
2170	Accounts payable	\$ 1,237,258	6	\$ 1,130,616	6	\$ 989,944	6
2200	Other payables	6(8) 1,169,376	6	2,519,249	13	835,217	5
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(17) 699,860	3	517,012	3	464,968	3
2280	Lease liabilities - current	6(5) 99,818	-	98,946	-	97,203	-
2300	Other current liabilities	306,815	1	278,008	1	118,469	1
21XX	Total current liabilities	<u>3,513,127</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>4,543,831</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>2,505,801</u>	<u>15</u>
Non-current liability							
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current	6(5) 133,181	1	135,625	1	185,414	1
25XX	Non-current liabilities	<u>133,181</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>135,625</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>185,414</u>	<u>1</u>
2XXX	Total liabilities	<u>3,646,308</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>4,679,456</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>2,691,215</u>	<u>16</u>
Equity attributable to owners of the Company							
Share capital							
3110	Ordinary shares	6(11) 811,956	4	808,638	4	808,125	5
Capital reserves							
3200	Capital reserves	6(12) 4,387,899	21	4,319,491	24	4,165,865	26
Retained earnings							
3310	Legal reserve	6(13) 1,011,400	5	1,011,400	5	807,466	5
3320	Special reserve	1,221,272	6	1,221,272	6	421,955	3
3350	Unappropriated earnings	12,394,718	60	10,737,604	56	9,695,372	59
Other equity							
3400	Other equity	(1,393,138)(7)	(2,070,966)(11)	(1,854,620)(11)			
3500	Treasury shares	6(11) (1,238,094)(6)	(1,565,269)(8)	(449,589)(3)			
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of the Company	<u>17,196,013</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>14,462,170</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>13,594,574</u>	<u>84</u>
3XXX	Total equity	<u>17,196,013</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>14,462,170</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>13,594,574</u>	<u>84</u>
Significant events after the balance sheet date							
3X2X	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	<u>\$ 20,842,321</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 19,141,626</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 16,285,789</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS)
(UNAUDITED)

	Items	Notes	For the three months ended March 31,			
			2022		2021	
			Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Revenue	6(14)	\$ 5,898,143	100	\$ 4,343,653	100
5000	Cost of goods sold	6(3)(15)(16)	(3,077,451)	(52)	(2,386,235)	(55)
5900	Gross profit		<u>2,820,692</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>1,957,418</u>	<u>45</u>
	Operating expenses	6(15)(16) and 7				
6100	Sales and marketing expenses		(229,911)	(4)	(195,583)	(5)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(180,508)	(3)	(141,463)	(3)
6300	Research and development expenses		(594,124)	(10)	(496,562)	(11)
6000	Total operating expenses		(1,004,543)	(17)	(833,608)	(19)
6900	Operating income		<u>1,816,149</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>1,123,810</u>	<u>26</u>
	Non-operating income and expenses					
7100	Interest income		692	-	999	-
7010	Other income		2,871	-	2,060	-
7020	Other gains and losses		(4,388)	-	(14,947)	-
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses		(825)	-	(11,888)	-
7900	Income before income tax		<u>1,815,324</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>1,111,922</u>	<u>26</u>
7950	Income tax expense	6(17)	(158,689)	(3)	(78,263)	(2)
8000	Net income for the period from continuing operations		<u>1,656,635</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>1,033,659</u>	<u>24</u>
	Other comprehensive income					
	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
8361	Other comprehensive income, before tax, exchange differences on translation		<u>579,302</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>30,385</u>	<u>1</u>
8360	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		<u>579,302</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>30,385</u>	<u>1</u>
8500	Total comprehensive income for the period		<u>\$ 2,235,937</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>\$ 1,064,044</u>	<u>25</u>
	Net income attributable to:					
8610	Owners of the Company		<u>\$ 1,656,635</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>\$ 1,033,659</u>	<u>24</u>
	Comprehensive income attributable to:					
8710	Owners of the Company		<u>\$ 2,235,937</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>\$ 1,064,044</u>	<u>25</u>
	Earnings per share					
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(18)	<u>\$ 20.91</u>		<u>\$ 13.13</u>	
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(18)	<u>\$ 20.55</u>		<u>\$ 12.82</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

	Equity attributable to owners of the parent												Total equity	
	Notes	Capital Reserves					Retained Earnings			Other equity				
		Ordinary shares	Paid-in capital in excess of ordinary shares	Capital reserve from treasury share transactions	Capital reserve from employee stock options	Capital reserve from restricted stocks	Capital reserve - others	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated earnings	Currency translation differences of foreign operations	Unearned compensation		Treasury shares
For the three months ended March 31, 2021														
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 807,803	\$ 2,562,171	\$ 172,025	\$ 101,332	\$ 1,308,393	\$ 8,289	\$ 807,466	\$ 421,955	\$ 8,661,514	(\$ 922,654)	(\$ 1,076,893)	(\$ 167,707)	\$12,683,694
Net income for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,033,659	-	-	-	1,033,659
Other comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,385	-	-	30,385
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,033,659	30,385	-	-	1,064,044
Exercise of employee stock options	6(10)(11)	322	6,230	-	(2,828)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,724
Issuance of restricted stocks	6(10)(11)	82	-	-	-	10,332	-	-	-	-	-	(10,414)	-	-
Vesting of restricted stocks		-	2,552	-	-	(2,552)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment of turnover rate of restricted stocks		-	-	-	-	(14,302)	-	-	-	-	-	14,302	-	-
Cancellation of restricted stocks ordinary shares and related cash dividend recovered	6(11)	(82)	-	-	-	82	-	-	-	199	-	-	-	199
Share-based compensation cost	6(10)(16)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	110,654	-	110,654
Tax deduction exceeds cumulative share-based payment expenses		-	-	-	-	-	14,141	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,141
Purchase of treasury shares	6(11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(281,882)	(281,882)
Balance at March 31, 2021		\$ 808,125	\$ 2,570,953	\$ 172,025	\$ 98,504	\$ 1,301,953	\$ 22,430	\$ 807,466	\$ 421,955	\$ 9,695,372	(\$ 892,269)	(\$ 962,351)	(\$ 449,589)	\$13,594,574
For the three months ended March 31, 2022														
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 808,638	\$ 3,015,372	\$ 186,974	\$ 95,469	\$ 929,048	\$ 92,628	\$ 1,011,400	\$ 1,221,272	\$10,737,604	(\$ 1,342,498)	(\$ 728,468)	(\$ 1,565,269)	\$14,462,170
Net income for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,656,635	-	-	-	1,656,635
Other comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	579,302	-	-	579,302
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,656,635	579,302	-	-	2,235,937
Exercise of employee stock options	6(10)(11)	3,462	115,137	-	(52,202)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66,397
Vesting of restricted stocks		-	4,795	-	-	(4,795)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment of turnover rate of restricted stocks		-	-	-	-	(5,447)	-	-	-	-	-	5,447	-	-
Cancellation of restricted stocks ordinary shares and related cash dividend recovered	6(11)	(144)	-	-	-	144	-	-	-	479	-	-	-	479
Share-based compensation cost	6(10)(16)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	93,079	-	93,079
Tax deduction exceeds cumulative share-based payment expenses		-	-	-	-	-	10,776	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,776
Treasury shares reissued to employees	6(10)(11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	327,175	327,175
Balance at March 31, 2022		\$ 811,956	\$ 3,135,304	\$ 186,974	\$ 43,267	\$ 918,950	\$ 103,404	\$ 1,011,400	\$ 1,221,272	\$12,394,718	(\$ 763,196)	(\$ 629,942)	(\$ 1,238,094)	\$17,196,013

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)
(UNAUDITED)

	Notes	For the three months ended March 31,	
		2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Income before income tax for the period		\$ 1,815,324	\$ 1,111,922
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			
Depreciation (including the right-of-use assets)	6(4)(5)	67,302	59,097
Amortization	6(6)	82,596	75,301
Loss on disposal of equipment	6(4)	33	1,736
Share-based compensation cost	6(10)(16)	93,079	110,654
Interest income		(692)	(999)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Accounts receivable		(161,444)	(47,232)
Inventories		(517,868)	(98,063)
Other current assets		(131,635)	20,081
Changes in operating liabilities			
Accounts payable		67,838	(253,552)
Other payables		(248,956)	(139,261)
Other current liabilities		19,264	(42,028)
Cash inflow generated from operations		1,084,841	797,656
Interest received		692	999
Income tax paid		(9,311)	(44,756)
Net cash flows from operating activities		<u>1,076,222</u>	<u>753,899</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(4)	(51,490)	(128,909)
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(6)	(194)	(989)
Decrease in refundable deposits	6(7)	693	3,562
Increase in other prepayments		(62,653)	(8,557)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		<u>(113,644)</u>	<u>(134,893)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options		66,397	3,724
Cash dividends paid	6(13)	(1,147,980)	(733,641)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	6(5)(19)	(22,149)	(22,004)
Purchase of treasury shares		-	(281,882)
Treasury shares reissued to employees		327,175	-
Cash dividend recovered from cancellation of share-based compensation		479	199
Net cash flows used in financing activities		<u>(776,078)</u>	<u>(1,033,604)</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes		364,063	20,743
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		550,563	(393,855)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		9,201,743	8,519,679
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		<u>\$ 9,752,306</u>	<u>\$ 8,125,824</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)
(UNAUDITED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Parade Technologies, Ltd. (the “Company”) was established in the Cayman Islands on November 15, 2005. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the “Group”) are engaged in the research and development, and marketing and sale of high-speed interface standards, touch controller and display processing integrated circuit chips for products used in computers, consumer electronics and display panels. The shares of the Company were authorized by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. and have been traded on Taipei Exchange (formerly GreTai Securities Market) in the R.O.C. since September 13, 2011 (stock code: 4966).

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on April 27, 2022.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”)

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Amendments to IFRS 3, ‘Reference to the conceptual framework’	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, ‘Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use’	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, ‘Onerous contracts— cost of fulfilling a contract’	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group’s financial condition and financial performance based on the Group’s assessment.

(2) Effect of new standards and amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

None.

(3) IFRSs issued by International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, ‘Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture’	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 17, ‘Insurance contracts’	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, ‘Insurance contracts’	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, ‘Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information’	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, ‘Classification of liabilities as current or non-current’	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, ‘Disclosure of accounting policies’	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, ‘Definition of accounting estimates’	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, ‘Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction’	January 1, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group’s financial condition and financial performance based on the Group’s assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” and the International Accounting Standard 34, ‘Interim financial reporting’ as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the “IFRSs”) requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial

statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

- (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
- (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Investor	Subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)			Description
			March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	March 31, 2021	
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies, Inc.	Providing sales and marketing, general and administrative, and research and development services to the Company	100	100	100	-
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies Korea, Ltd.	Providing sales and marketing, general and administrative services to the Company	100	100	100	-
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Nanjing)	Providing research and development services to the Company	100	100	100	-
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Pinchot Ltd.	Providing administrative services to the Company	100	100	100	-
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Chongqing)	Providing research and development services to the Company	100	100	100	-
Parade Technologies, Inc.	Parade Technologies, Inc. (Shanghai)	Providing research and development services to the Company	100	100	100	-

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements:

None.

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates:

None.

E. Significant restrictions:

None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The Company's functional currency is US Dollars; however, the consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars under the regulations of the Republic of China where the consolidated financial statements are reported to the regulatory authorities.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and jointly controlled entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and

(c) All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:

- (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
- (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
- (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:

- (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
- (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
- (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Treasury bills that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Accounts receivable

A. Accounts receivable entitles the Group to a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods.

B. The short-term accounts receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(8) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost including accounts receivable or contract assets that have a significant financing component, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(9) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(10) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the standard cost method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, other direct costs and related production overheads. The item-by-item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(11) Property, plant and equipment

A. Equipment is initially recorded at cost.

B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

C. Equipment applies cost model and is depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate its cost over its estimated useful life. Each part of an item of equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.

D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of equipment are as follows:

Machinery and equipment	3 ~ 5 years
Office equipment	3 ~ 5 years
Leasehold improvements	2 ~ 5 years

(12) Leasing arrangements (lessee) – right-of-use assets / lease liabilities

A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use assets and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of the fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable. The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement

is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use assets when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use assets is stated at cost comprising the following:

- (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date; and
- (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee.

The right-of-use assets is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use assets.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(13) Intangible assets

A. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 to 5 years.

B. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

C. Mask

Mask is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 years.

D. Patent and other intangible assets

Separately acquired intangible assets are stated at historical cost. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Related intangible assets have a finite useful life and are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 7 to 10 years.

(14) Impairment of non-financial assets

A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill are evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognized in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.

C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(15) Accounts payable

A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services.

B. The short-term accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(16) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

Each subsidiary of the Group adopts defined contribution pension plan in accordance with local regulations. The contributions are recognized as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis.

C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognized as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employees' compensation is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(17) Employee share-based payment

A. For the equity-settled share-based compensation arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-market vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognized is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

B. Restricted stocks:

(a) Restricted stocks issued to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period.

- (b) For restricted stocks where those stocks do not restrict distribution of dividends to employees. However, employees must return the dividends received if they resign before the vesting conditions are fully satisfied. When receiving dividend, the Group credits related amounts that were previously debited from retained earnings, legal reserve or capital reserve at the date of dividends declaration.
- (c) For restricted stocks where employees do not need to pay to acquire those stocks. However, when employees resign before the vesting conditions are fully satisfied, the Group will redeem the restricted stocks without consideration and then retire them. After the restricted stocks were retired, the Group decreased 'Ordinary shares' and increased 'Capital reserve from restricted stocks'.

(18) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized, or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from research and development expenditures to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilized.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- H. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognizes the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(19) Share capital

- A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.
- B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

(20) Dividends

Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Board of Directors. Stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(21) Revenue recognition

- A. The Group designs and sells high-speed interfacing chips, touch and serial products of DisplayPort. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. The risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- B. Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract. Other current liability is recognised for expected price rebate payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. The sales usually are made with a credit term of 30 to 60 days. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value

of money.

- C. A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(22) Business combinations

- A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.
- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognized and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognized directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

(23) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Impairment assessment of goodwill

The impairment assessment of goodwill relies on the Group's subjective judgement, including identifying cash-generating units, allocating assets and liabilities as well as goodwill to related cash-generating units, and determining the recoverable amounts of related cash-generating units.

As of March 31, 2022, the Group recognized goodwill amounting to \$2,173,862.

B. Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technological innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of March 31, 2022, the carrying amount of inventories was \$2,687,412.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	<u>March 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>March 31, 2021</u>
Cash on hand	\$ 73	\$ 71	\$ 68
Checking accounts and bank deposits	6,834,439	5,825,001	4,815,164
	<u>6,834,512</u>	<u>5,825,072</u>	<u>4,815,232</u>
Cash equivalents			
Treasury bills	2,917,794	3,376,671	3,310,592
	<u>\$ 9,752,306</u>	<u>\$ 9,201,743</u>	<u>\$ 8,125,824</u>

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Accounts receivable

	<u>March 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>March 31, 2021</u>
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,603,903	\$ 1,394,595	\$ 1,629,283
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 1,603,903</u>	<u>\$ 1,394,595</u>	<u>\$ 1,629,283</u>

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	<u>March 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>March 31, 2021</u>
Not past due	\$ 1,480,343	\$ 1,329,216	\$ 1,452,996
60 days	123,560	65,379	176,287
90 days	-	-	-
91-180 days	-	-	-
181-360 days	-	-	-
over 360 days	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 1,603,903</u>	<u>\$ 1,394,595</u>	<u>\$ 1,629,283</u>

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

B. As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, accounts receivable was all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2021, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$1,578,725.

C. As at March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's accounts receivable was \$1,603,903, \$1,394,595 and \$1,629,283, respectively.

D. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(3).

(3) Inventories

	<u>March 31, 2022</u>		
	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Allowance</u>	<u>Book value</u>
Raw materials	\$ 743,341	(\$ 148,698)	\$ 594,643
Work-in-process	822,568	(41,764)	780,804
Finished goods	1,393,556	(81,591)	1,311,965
	<u>\$ 2,959,465</u>	<u>(\$ 272,053)</u>	<u>\$ 2,687,412</u>
	<u>December 31, 2021</u>		
	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Allowance</u>	<u>Book value</u>
Raw materials	\$ 703,317	(\$ 117,610)	\$ 585,707
Work-in-process	512,317	(49,124)	463,193
Finished goods	1,111,730	(63,076)	1,048,654
	<u>\$ 2,327,364</u>	<u>(\$ 229,810)</u>	<u>\$ 2,097,554</u>
	<u>March 31, 2021</u>		
	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Allowance</u>	<u>Book value</u>
Raw materials	\$ 354,032	(\$ 117,085)	\$ 236,947
Work-in-process	820,969	(40,992)	779,977
Finished goods	762,109	(62,555)	699,554
	<u>\$ 1,937,110</u>	<u>(\$ 220,632)</u>	<u>\$ 1,716,478</u>

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

	<u>For the three months ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cost of goods sold	\$ 2,980,128	\$ 2,332,202
Loss on decline in market value	33,588	-
Others	63,735	54,033
	<u>\$ 3,077,451</u>	<u>\$ 2,386,235</u>

(4) Property, plant and equipment

The Group had no property and plant as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021.

	<u>Machinery and equipment</u>	<u>Office equipment</u>	<u>Leasehold improvements</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>At January 1, 2022</u>				
Cost	\$ 1,037,179	\$ 69,586	\$ 141,521	\$ 1,248,286
Accumulated depreciation	(627,287)	(52,720)	(80,411)	(760,418)
	<u>\$ 409,892</u>	<u>\$ 16,866</u>	<u>\$ 61,110</u>	<u>\$ 487,868</u>
<u>Three months ended March 31, 2022</u>				
Opening net book amount	\$ 409,892	\$ 16,866	\$ 61,110	\$ 487,868
Additions	49,884	1,532	74	51,490
Disposals	-	(33)	-	(33)
Depreciation charge	(38,483)	(1,930)	(4,740)	(45,153)
Net exchange differences	13,837	281	1,318	15,436
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 435,130</u>	<u>\$ 16,716</u>	<u>\$ 57,762</u>	<u>\$ 509,608</u>
<u>At March 31, 2022</u>				
Cost	\$ 1,122,467	\$ 71,853	\$ 145,616	\$ 1,339,936
Accumulated depreciation	(687,337)	(55,137)	(87,854)	(830,328)
	<u>\$ 435,130</u>	<u>\$ 16,716</u>	<u>\$ 57,762</u>	<u>\$ 509,608</u>
	<u>Machinery and equipment</u>	<u>Office equipment</u>	<u>Leasehold improvements</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>At January 1, 2021</u>				
Cost	\$ 817,274	\$ 59,453	\$ 117,522	\$ 994,249
Accumulated depreciation	(506,863)	(47,970)	(72,768)	(627,601)
	<u>\$ 310,411</u>	<u>\$ 11,483</u>	<u>\$ 44,754</u>	<u>\$ 366,648</u>
<u>Three months ended March 31, 2021</u>				
Opening net book amount	\$ 310,411	\$ 11,483	\$ 44,754	\$ 366,648
Additions	92,546	6,925	29,438	128,909
Disposals	-	-	(1,736)	(1,736)
Depreciation charge	(31,260)	(1,790)	(4,043)	(37,093)
Net exchange differences	577	(24)	80	633
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 372,274</u>	<u>\$ 16,594</u>	<u>\$ 68,493</u>	<u>\$ 457,361</u>
<u>At March 31, 2021</u>				
Cost	\$ 910,524	\$ 65,507	\$ 136,792	\$ 1,112,823
Accumulated depreciation	(538,250)	(48,913)	(68,299)	(655,462)
	<u>\$ 372,274</u>	<u>\$ 16,594</u>	<u>\$ 68,493</u>	<u>\$ 457,361</u>

The above equipment is for self-use.

(5) Leasing arrangements — lessee

A. The Group leases offices. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

B. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	<u>March 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>March 31, 2021</u>
	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Carrying amount</u>
Offices	\$ 232,999	\$ 234,571	\$ 282,617
	<u>For the three months ended March 31,</u>		
	<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
	<u>Depreciation</u>		<u>Depreciation</u>
Offices	\$ 22,149	\$	22,004

C. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$16,145 and \$55,854, respectively.

D. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	<u>For the three months ended March 31,</u>	
<u>Items affecting profit or loss</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Expense on short-term lease contracts	\$ 663	\$ 1,167

E. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$22,812 and \$23,171, respectively.

(6) Intangible assets

	<u>Software</u>	<u>Goodwill</u>	<u>Mask</u>	<u>Patent and others</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>At January 1, 2022</u>					
Cost	\$ 75,445	\$ 2,101,729	\$ 947,596	\$ 1,566,688	\$ 4,691,458
Accumulated amortization	(43,961)	-	(705,420)	(897,870)	(1,647,251)
	<u>\$ 31,484</u>	<u>\$ 2,101,729</u>	<u>\$ 242,176</u>	<u>\$ 668,818</u>	<u>\$ 3,044,207</u>
<u>Three months ended March 31, 2022</u>					
Opening net book amount	\$ 31,484	\$ 2,101,729	\$ 242,176	\$ 668,818	\$ 3,044,207
Inward transfer	-	-	33,137	-	33,137
Additions - acquired separately	135	-	59	-	194
Reclassifications	-	-	-	-	-
Amortization charge	(3,029)	-	(38,132)	(41,435)	(82,596)
Net exchange differences	1,009	72,133	8,198	22,007	103,347
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 29,599</u>	<u>\$ 2,173,862</u>	<u>\$ 245,438</u>	<u>\$ 649,390</u>	<u>\$ 3,098,289</u>
<u>At March 31, 2022</u>					
Cost	\$ 78,158	\$ 2,173,862	\$ 1,014,072	\$ 1,620,458	\$ 4,886,550
Accumulated amortization	(48,559)	-	(768,634)	(971,068)	(1,788,261)
	<u>\$ 29,599</u>	<u>\$ 2,173,862</u>	<u>\$ 245,438</u>	<u>\$ 649,390</u>	<u>\$ 3,098,289</u>

	Software	Goodwill	Mask	Patent and others	Total
<u>At January 1, 2021</u>					
Cost	\$ 66,254	\$ 2,100,595	\$ 681,602	\$ 1,626,208	\$ 4,474,659
Accumulated amortization	(34,241)	-	(473,187)	(756,008)	(1,263,436)
	<u>\$ 32,013</u>	<u>\$ 2,100,595</u>	<u>\$ 208,415</u>	<u>\$ 870,200</u>	<u>\$ 3,211,223</u>
<u>Three months ended March 31, 2021</u>					
Opening net book amount	\$ 32,013	\$ 2,100,595	\$ 208,415	\$ 870,200	\$ 3,211,223
Inward transfer	-	-	67,370	-	67,370
Additions - acquired separately	989	-	-	-	989
Amortization charge	(2,553)	-	(30,396)	(42,352)	(75,301)
Net exchange differences	48	4,426	661	1,579	6,714
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 30,497</u>	<u>\$ 2,105,021</u>	<u>\$ 246,050</u>	<u>\$ 829,427</u>	<u>\$ 3,210,995</u>
<u>At March 31, 2021</u>					
Cost	\$ 67,355	\$ 2,105,021	\$ 750,812	\$ 1,629,634	\$ 4,552,822
Accumulated amortization	(36,858)	-	(504,762)	(800,207)	(1,341,827)
	<u>\$ 30,497</u>	<u>\$ 2,105,021</u>	<u>\$ 246,050</u>	<u>\$ 829,427</u>	<u>\$ 3,210,995</u>

A. Details of amortization of intangible assets are as follows:

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Research and development expenses	\$ 44,328	\$ 44,865
Operating costs	38,136	30,396
Administrative expenses	67	39
Selling expenses	65	1
	<u>\$ 82,596</u>	<u>\$ 75,301</u>

B. Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment. The Group is identified as one cash-generating unit. The recoverable amount of all cash-generating units has been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period.

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit calculated using the value-in-use exceeded their carrying amount, so goodwill was not impaired. The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are budgeted gross margin, weighted average growth rates, and discount rates.

Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of market development. The weighted average growth rates used are consistent with the forecasts included in industry reports. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments.

(7) Other non-current assets

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	March 31, 2021
Refundable deposits	\$ 1,930,600	\$ 1,867,209	\$ 30,349
Prepaid mask	264,362	226,400	260,392
	<u>\$ 2,194,962</u>	<u>\$ 2,093,609</u>	<u>\$ 290,741</u>

The refundable deposits resulted from a Letter of Intent with its key supplier. The Company has

strengthened its cooperative relationship with the key supplier and obtained capacity support to meet the Company's future operating needs.

(8) Other payables

	<u>March 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>March 31, 2021</u>
Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration	\$ 623,840	\$ 463,856	\$ 378,359
Payroll, bonus and accrued vacation	346,783	668,689	274,927
Commissions	82,791	80,904	54,369
Legal and professional fees	27,504	31,293	33,291
Engineering expenses	24,251	52,616	31,254
Dividends payable	-	1,147,980	-
Others	64,207	73,911	63,017
	<u>\$ 1,169,376</u>	<u>\$ 2,519,249</u>	<u>\$ 835,217</u>

(9) Pensions

Each subsidiary adopts a funded defined contribution pension plan in accordance with local regulations. Under the pension plan, subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount to an independent fund. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$39,470 and \$30,832, respectively.

(10) Share-based payment

A. The Board of Directors approved the stock compensation plan during 2006. The plan originally calls for issuing 3 million shares of employee stock options, which subsequently increased to 11,696 thousand shares, 11,396 thousand shares, 6,897 thousand shares, and 5,697 thousand shares with the approval of the Board of Directors in 2011, 2010, 2008, and 2007, respectively. Each share can purchase one share of the Company's Ordinary Share. The beneficiaries include the employees, the directors, and the contracted consultants of the Company. The employee stock options are valid for 10 years from the issuance. The owners can exercise 25% of their options after first year of issuance, and they can exercise one-sixteenth of the original amount each quarter. The exercise price will be based on the market price of the Ordinary Share.

B. In March 2012, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the 2012 employee stock option plan and resolved to issue 940 units of employee stock options to the employees of the Company. Each unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The employee stock options are valid for 10 years from the issuance. The holders may exercise the stock options in installments two years after the issuance. The exercise price under the plan shall not be less than the closing price of the Company's common stock at the issuance. The issuance of the employee stock options was submitted to the FSC and became effective in April 2012.

C. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted (in thousands)	Contract period	Vesting conditions
Employee stock options	Jan. 20, 2011	1,090	10 years	1 ~ 5 years service
Employee stock options	Mar. 9, 2011	110	10 years	1 ~ 5 years service
Employee stock options	Apr. 28, 2011	22	10 years	1 ~ 5 years service
Employee stock options	Jun. 13, 2011	521	10 years	1 ~ 5 years service
Employee stock options	Jul. 26, 2012	940	10 years	2 ~ 4 years service
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Jul. 29, 2020	250	1 year	1 year service
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Apr. 28, 2021	200	1 year	1 year service
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Apr. 28, 2021	58		Vested immediately
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Feb. 9, 2022	79	1 year	1 year service
Treasury stock transferred to employees	Feb. 9, 2022	82		Vested immediately
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Aug. 1, 2017	896	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Dec. 8, 2017	15	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Feb. 7, 2018	7	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Apr. 26, 2018	5	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Jun. 28, 2018	77	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Aug. 1, 2018	490	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Oct. 31, 2018	4	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Feb. 13, 2019	6	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Apr. 30, 2019	100	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Jul. 31, 2019	682	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Oct. 30, 2019	14	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Feb. 12, 2020	9	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Apr. 29, 2020	45	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Jul. 29, 2020	709	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Oct. 28, 2020	5	4 years	4 years service

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted (in thousands)	Contract period	Vesting conditions
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Feb. 03,2021	8	4 years	4 years service
Restricted stocks to employees (Note)	Apr. 28, 2021	78	4 years	4 years service

Note: Restrictions before the vesting conditions are fully satisfied are as follows:

- (a) The grantee employee shall not sell, transfer, make gift of, create other rights or encumbrances on the restricted stocks awards (the “RSAs”), or otherwise dispose of the RSAs in any other manner.
- (b) All the proposal rights, motion rights, speech rights, voting rights and any other shareholder rights shall be exercised by the trustee or the custodian.
- (c) The restrictions (including but not limited to transfer restrictions and vesting conditions) applicable to any and all unvested RSAs (and any share derived from such RSAs for whatever reason, including share dividend, retained earnings capitalization, recapitalization, reserve capitalization and any cash distributed based on such RSAs for whatever reason, including cash dividend and distribution of capital reserve in the form of cash) shall equally apply to any share derived, directly or indirectly, from and cash distributed based on such unvested RSAs for whatever reason, including share dividend, retained earnings capitalization, recapitalization, reserve capitalization, cash dividend and distribution of capital reserve in the form of cash, and any interests.

D. Details of the employee stock options are as follows:

	For the three months ended March 31,			
	2022		2021	
	No. of shares (in thousands)	Weighted-average exercise price (in US dollars)	No. of shares (in thousands)	Weighted-average exercise price (in US dollars)
Options outstanding at beginning of period	357	\$ 6.85	410	\$ 6.63
Options exercised	(346)	6.85	(32)	4.07
Options outstanding at end of period	<u>11</u>	6.85	<u>378</u>	6.85
Options exercisable at end of period	<u>11</u>		<u>378</u>	

E. The weighted-average stock price of stock options at exercise dates for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$1,915.35 and \$1,254.44 (in dollars), respectively.

F. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at balance sheet date are as follows:

Issue date approved	Expiry date	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
		No. of shares (in thousands)	Exercise price (in US dollars)	No. of shares (in thousands)	Exercise price (in US dollars)
Jan. 20, 2011	Jan. 20, 2021	-	-	-	-
Mar. 9, 2011	Mar. 9, 2021	-	-	-	-
Apr. 28, 2011	Apr. 28, 2021	-	-	-	-
Jun. 13, 2011	Jun. 13, 2021	-	-	-	-
Jul. 26, 2012	Jul. 26, 2022	11	6.852	378	6.852

G. The fair value of stock options granted is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Stock price	Exercise price (in dollars)	Expected price volatility	Expected option life (in years)	Expected dividend	Risk-free interest rate	Fair value per unit (in dollars)
Employee stock options	Jan. 20, 2011	-	US\$1.220	70%	6.25	-	2.78%	US\$1.220
Employee stock options	Mar. 9, 2011	-	US\$1.220	70%	6.25	-	2.78%	US\$1.220
Employee stock options	Apr. 28, 2011	-	US\$1.220	70%	6.25	-	2.23%	US\$1.220
Employee stock options	Jun. 13, 2011	-	US\$2.010	70%	6.25	-	2.23%	US\$2.010
Employee stock options	Jul. 26, 2012	NT\$338.5	NT\$338.5	48%	6.375	-	1.06%	NT\$159.84

H. Please see Note 6(11) for the related information about the fair value of restricted stocks to employees issued by the Company.

I. The Company reissued 250 thousand treasury shares with repurchase price amounting to \$101,725 to its employees with the effective date set on July 31, 2019 in accordance with the Share Repurchase and Employee Incentive Plan. The subscription price of \$406.90 (in dollars) per share equals the average repurchase price per share. The fair value of the treasury shares reissued was measured based on the market price at the grant date.

J. The Company reissued 250 thousand treasury shares with repurchase price amounting to \$101,725 to its employees with the effective date set on July 29, 2020 in accordance with the Share Repurchase and Employee Incentive Plan. The subscription price of \$406.90 (in dollars) per share equals the average repurchase price per share. The fair value of the treasury shares reissued was measured based on the market price at the grant date.

K. The Company reissued 258 thousand treasury shares with repurchase price amounting to \$310,416 to its employees with the effective date set on April 28, 2021 in accordance with the Share

Repurchase and Employee Incentive Plan. The subscription price of \$1,202.11 (in dollars) per share equals the average repurchase price per share. The fair value of the treasury shares reissued was measured based on the market price at the grant date.

L. The Company reissued 161 thousand treasury shares with repurchase price amounting to \$327,175 to its employees with the effective date set on February 9, 2022 in accordance with the Share Repurchase and Employee Incentive Plan. The subscription price of \$2,037.28 (in dollars) per share equals the average repurchase price per share. The fair value of the treasury shares reissued was measured based on the market price at the grant date.

M. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Equity-settled	\$ 93,079	\$ 110,654

(11) Share capital/ Treasury shares

A. As of March 31, 2022, the Company's authorized capital was \$1,500,000, consisting of 150 million shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$811,956 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows (in thousands of shares, and excluding treasury shares):

	For the three months ended March 31, 2022			
	Unrestricted shares	Restricted shares	Treasury shares	Total
At January 1	79,728	1,136	(816)	80,048
Exercise of employee stock options	346	-	-	346
Issuance of restricted stocks	-	-	-	-
Vesting of restricted stocks	6	(6)	-	-
Cancellation of restricted stocks ordinary shares	-	(14)	-	(14)
Purchase of treasury shares	-	-	-	-
Treasury stock reissued to employees	-	-	161	161
At March 31	<u>80,080</u>	<u>1,116</u>	<u>(655)</u>	<u>80,541</u>

	For the three months ended March 31, 2021			
	Unrestricted shares	Restricted shares	Treasury shares	Total
At January 1	78,969	1,812	(156)	80,625
Exercise of employee stock options	32	-	-	32
Issuance of restricted stocks	-	8	-	8
Vesting of restricted stocks	4	(4)	-	-
Cancellation of restricted stocks ordinary shares	-	(8)	-	(8)
Purchase of treasury shares	-	-	(218)	(218)
At March 31	<u>79,005</u>	<u>1,808</u>	<u>(374)</u>	<u>80,439</u>

- B. The Board of Directors during its meetings on July 29, 2020, October 28, 2020, February 3, 2021 and April 28, 2021 adopted a resolution to issue employee restricted ordinary shares (see Note 6(10)) with the effective date set on July 29, 2020, October 28, 2020, February 3, 2021 and April 28, 2021. Each share will be issued without consideration. The decision on the fair value was based on the closing prices of \$1,095, \$1,130, \$1,270 and \$1,260 (in dollars), respectively, at the grant date. The employee restricted ordinary shares issued are subject to stockholders' right restrictions, please see Note 6(10) for details. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of these shares issued are the same as other issued ordinary shares. Due to employee termination, reacquired share capital is \$323 as of March 31, 2022, including unretired share capital of \$36.
- C. The Board of Directors during its meetings on July 31, 2019, October 30, 2019, February 12, 2020 and April 29, 2020 adopted a resolution to issue employee restricted ordinary shares (see Note 6(10)) with the effective date set on July 31, 2019, October 30, 2019, February 12, 2020 and April 29, 2020, respectively. Each share will be issued without consideration. The decision on the fair value was based on the closing prices of \$517, \$598, \$691 and \$728 (in dollars), respectively, at the grant date. The employee restricted ordinary shares issued are subject to stockholders' right restrictions, please see Note 6(10) for details. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of these shares issued are the same as other issued ordinary shares. Due to employee termination, reacquired share capital is \$496 as of March 31, 2022, including unretired share capital of \$17.
- D. The Board of Directors during its meetings on August 1, 2018, October 31, 2018, February 13, 2019 and April 30, 2019 adopted a resolution to issue employee restricted ordinary shares (see Note 6(10)) with the effective date set on August 1, 2018, October 31, 2018, February 13, 2019 and April 30, 2019, respectively. Each share will be issued without consideration. The decision on the fair value was based on the closing prices of \$469.5, \$410, \$531 and \$523 (in dollars), respectively, at the grant date. The employee restricted ordinary shares issued are subject to stockholders' right restrictions, please see Note 6(10) for details. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of these shares issued are the same as other issued ordinary shares. Due to employee termination, reacquired share capital is \$574 as of March 31, 2022, including unretired share capital of \$9.
- E. The Board of Directors during its meetings on August 1, 2017, December 8, 2017, February 7, 2018, April 26, 2018 and June 28, 2018 adopted a resolution to issue employee restricted ordinary shares (see Note 6(10)) with the effective date set on August 1, 2017, December 8, 2017, February 7, 2018, April 26, 2018 and June 28, 2018, respectively. Each share will be issued without consideration. The decision on the fair value was based on the closing prices of \$437, \$548, \$552, \$437 and \$494 (in dollars), respectively, at the grant date. The employee restricted ordinary shares issued are subject to stockholders' right restrictions, please see Note 6(10) for details. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of these shares issued are the same as other issued

ordinary shares. Due to employee termination, reacquired share capital is \$835 as of March 31, 2022, including unretired share capital of \$4.

F. Treasury shares

(a) Reason for share reacquisition and movements in the number of the Company's treasury shares are as follows:

		March 31, 2022	
Name of company holding the shares	Reason for reacquisition	Number of shares (in thousands)	Carrying amount
The Company	To be reissued to employees	655	\$ 1,238,094

		December 31, 2021	
Name of company holding the shares	Reason for reacquisition	Number of shares (in thousands)	Carrying amount
The Company	To be reissued to employees	816	\$ 1,565,269

		March 31, 2021	
Name of company holding the shares	Reason for reacquisition	Number of shares (in thousands)	Carrying amount
The Company	To be reissued to employees	374	\$ 449,589

(b) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, the number of shares bought back as treasury share should not exceed 10% of the number of the Company's issued and outstanding shares and the amount bought back should not exceed the sum of retained earnings, paid-in capital in excess of par value and realised capital surplus.

(c) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury shares should not be pledged as collateral and is not entitled to dividends before it is reissued.

(d) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury shares should be reissued to the employees within five years from the reacquisition date and shares not reissued within the five-year period are to be retired. Treasury shares to enhance the Company's credit rating and the stockholders' equity should be retired within six months of acquisition.

(12) Capital reserves

In accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association and with the approval of the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, the Board of Directors may capitalize any amount within the capital reserve account, including capital reserve - additional paid-in capital and capital redemption reserve. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital reserve to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital reserve should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

(13) Retained earnings

- A. The Company passed the amendments to the Articles of Association by resolution of the shareholders' meeting held on June 15, 2020. At the close of each of the half fiscal year, the Board may resolve to distribute profits or allocate losses; provided, however, that any distribution of profits by way of capitalization of distributable dividends shall be subject to the Supermajority Resolution.
- B. In accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association, if there are profits after the final settlement of account of a year, the Company after its losses have been offset and at the time of allocating surplus profits, may first set aside 10% of the annual profits as statutory reserve until the statutory reserve amounts to the authorized capital, and may appropriate a portion of the annual profits as special reserve required by Applicable Public Company Rules or government authorities. Thereafter, having considered the financial, business and operational factors, the Board may propose and specify no less than 10% of any remaining annual profits after the above plus, at the Board's sole discretion, a certain percent of accumulated retained earnings to be distributed as dividends. Cash dividend shall not be less than 10% of the total dividends declared. The Company may distribute to the Members, in the form of cash, all or a portion of its Dividend and/or statutory reserve by a majority of the Directors at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the total number of the Directors, and shall subsequently report such distribution to the Members at the general meeting.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When the debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- E. (a) The Company recognized dividends distributed to owners for the first and second half year of 2020. The appropriation of the first and second half year of 2020 earnings had been approved by the Board of Directors on October 28, 2020 and April 28, 2021, respectively.

	First half year of 2020		Second half year of 2020	
	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)
Legal reserve	\$ -		\$ 203,934	
Special reserve	157,004		343,696	
Cash dividends	733,641	\$ 9.12	1,019,067	\$ 12.61

The appropriation of 2020 earnings had been approved by the shareholders on August 20, 2021.

(b) The Company recognized dividends distributed to owners for the first half year of 2021. The appropriation of the first half year of 2021 earnings had been approved by the Board of Directors on October 27, 2021.

	First half year of 2021	
	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)
Legal reserve	\$ -	
Special reserve	455,621	
Cash dividends	1,147,980	\$ 14.25

(c) The Company recognized dividends distributed to owners for the second half year of 2021. The appropriation of the second half year of 2021 earnings had been approved by the Board of Directors on April 27, 2022. The abovementioned 2021 earnings appropriation had not been approved by the shareholders.

	Second half year of 2021	
	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)
Legal reserve	\$ -	
Special reserve	121,227	
Cash dividends	1,474,147	\$ 18.23

For the information relating to the above distribution of earnings as approved by the Board of Directors or shareholders, please refer to the “Market Observation Post System” at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange Company.

(14) Operating revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group has only one reportable operating segment. The Group derives revenue from the following major product lines:

	For the three months ended March 31, 2022				
	Serial products of DisplayPort	High-speed interfacing chips	Source Driver	Serial products of TrueTouch	Total
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 2,238,520	\$ 1,677,887	\$ 1,737,986	\$ 243,750	\$ 5,898,143
	For the three months ended March 31, 2021				
	Serial products of DisplayPort	High-speed interfacing chips	Source Driver	Serial products of TrueTouch	Total
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 1,861,293	\$ 1,623,367	\$ 620,300	\$ 238,693	\$ 4,343,653

(15) Expenses by nature

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Employee benefit expenses	\$ 849,230	\$ 657,509
Depreciation and amortization charges on equipment and intangible assets	149,898	134,398
Engineering expenses	39,937	62,110
Commission expenses	12,933	12,691
Legal and professional expenses	11,625	12,331
Expense on short-term lease contracts	663	1,167
Other expenses	18,058	14,153
Total manufacturing and operating expenses	<u>\$ 1,082,344</u>	<u>\$ 894,359</u>

(16) Employee benefit expenses

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Wages and salaries	\$ 661,284	\$ 467,078
Employee compensation costs	93,079	110,654
Pension costs	39,470	30,832
Other personnel expenses	55,397	48,945
	<u>\$ 849,230</u>	<u>\$ 657,509</u>

A. In accordance with the provisions of the amended Articles of Association approved by the shareholders, where the Company makes profits before tax for the annual financial year, the Company shall appropriate no less than 5% of such annual profits before tax as employees' compensation, which shall be distributed in accordance with the incentive programme approved by majority of the meeting of Board of Directors attended by two-thirds or more of all the Directors and may be distributed to employees of the Company and its subsidiaries and a maximum of 2% as additional directors' remuneration.

B. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, employees' compensation was accrued at \$101,721 and \$46,618, respectively; Directors' remuneration was accrued at \$39,123 and \$23,674, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses.

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, the employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on the distributable profit of current year as of the end of reporting period, and the percentage of previous year payment.

For 2020, the employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors amounted to \$230,744 and \$80,405, respectively. The employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash. The Directors' remuneration difference of \$151 between the amounts resolved at the Board meeting and the amounts recognised in the 2020 financial statements, mainly resulting from the difference between accrual amount and resolution amount by the Board of Directors.

Information about employees' compensation and Directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(17) Income tax

Components of income tax expense:

	<u>For the three months ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the period	\$ 191,021	\$ 103,456
Prior year income tax (overestimation underestimation)	-	7
Total current tax	<u>191,021</u>	<u>103,463</u>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(32,332)	(25,200)
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 158,689</u>	<u>\$ 78,263</u>

(18) Earnings per share

	<u>For the three months ended March 31, 2022</u>		
	<u>Amount after tax</u>	<u>Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)</u>	<u>Earnings per share (in NT dollars)</u>
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	<u>\$ 1,656,635</u>	<u>79,212</u>	<u>\$ 20.91</u>
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	\$ 1,656,635	79,212	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employee stock options	-	114	
Employees' compensation	-	265	
Restricted stocks to employees	-	<u>1,011</u>	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	<u>\$ 1,656,635</u>	<u>80,602</u>	<u>\$ 20.55</u>

	For the three months ended March 31, 2021		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in NT dollars)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	\$ 1,033,659	78,701	\$ 13.13
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	\$ 1,033,659	78,701	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employee stock options	-	332	
Employees' compensation	-	221	
Restricted stocks to employees	-	1,367	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 1,033,659	80,621	\$ 12.82

(19) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	2022	2021
	Lease liabilities	Lease liabilities
At January 1	\$ 234,571	\$ 249,796
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	(22,149)	(22,004)
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	4,432	(1,029)
Changes in other non-cash items	16,145	55,854
At March 31	\$ 232,999	\$ 282,617

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Significant transactions and balances with related parties

None.

(2) Key management compensation

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2022	2021
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 144,589	\$ 126,845
Share-based compensation expenses	83,509	52,924
	\$ 228,098	\$ 179,769

A. Salaries and bonuses include regular wages, special responsibility allowances, pensions, severance pay, various bonuses, employees' compensation, directors' remuneration, rewards and travel or transportation allowances, etc.

B. Share-based compensation expenses represent the compensation costs accounted for under IFRS 2.

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

None.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

None.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

Please refer to Note 6(13) for the appropriation of the second half year of 2021 earnings.

12. OTHERS

(1) Consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021 and consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 in functional currency

The Company prepares its consolidated financial statements in US Dollars. For the purpose of application for listing in the Taipei Exchange in R.O.C., the consolidated financial statements were translated into New Taiwan Dollars in accordance with Note 4. Since the functional currency is US Dollars, the supplementary disclosure of consolidated balance sheets and statements of comprehensive income in US Dollars are as follows:

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF US DOLLARS)

(THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 ARE REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

ASSETS	March 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		March 31, 2021	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 340,632	47	\$ 332,433	48	\$ 284,717	50
Accounts receivable, net	56,022	8	50,383	7	57,088	10
Inventories, net	93,867	13	75,779	11	60,143	11
Other current assets	16,992	2	12,407	2	12,495	2
Total current assets	<u>507,513</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>471,002</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>414,443</u>	<u>73</u>
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment, net	17,800	2	17,625	3	16,025	3
Right-of-use assets	8,138	1	8,474	1	9,903	2
Intangible assets	108,218	15	109,979	16	112,509	19
Deferred income tax assets	9,653	1	8,817	1	7,563	1
Other non-current assets	76,667	11	75,636	11	10,187	2
Total non-current assets	<u>220,476</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>220,531</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>156,187</u>	<u>27</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 727,989</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 691,533</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 570,630</u>	<u>100</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 43,215	6	\$ 40,846	6	\$ 34,686	6
Other payables	40,844	6	90,291	13	29,265	5
Current income tax liabilities	24,445	3	18,678	3	16,292	3
Lease liabilities - current	3,487	-	3,574	-	3,406	-
Other current liabilities	10,716	1	10,044	1	4,150	1
Total current liabilities	<u>122,707</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>163,433</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>87,799</u>	<u>15</u>
Non-current liabilities						
Lease liabilities - non-current	4,652	1	4,900	1	6,497	1
Total non-current liabilities	<u>4,652</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>4,900</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>6,497</u>	<u>1</u>
Total liabilities	<u>127,359</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>168,333</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>94,296</u>	<u>16</u>
Equity attributable to owners of the Company						
Share capital						
Ordinary shares	26,742	4	26,634	4	26,615	5
Capital reserves						
Capital reserves	146,220	20	143,754	21	138,106	24
Retained earnings						
Legal reserve	33,380	5	33,380	5	26,376	5
Special reserve	41,642	6	41,642	6	13,657	2
Unappropriated earnings	417,725	57	358,046	51	319,587	56
Other equity						
Other equity	(20,527)	(3)	(23,915)	(3)	(31,999)	(5)
Treasury shares						
	(44,552)	(6)	(56,341)	(8)	(16,008)	(3)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	<u>600,630</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>523,200</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>476,334</u>	<u>84</u>
Total equity	<u>600,630</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>523,200</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>476,334</u>	<u>84</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	<u>\$ 727,989</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 691,533</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 570,630</u>	<u>100</u>

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF US DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNT)
(UNAUDITED)

	For the three months ended March 31,			
	2022		2021	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Revenues	\$ 210,723	100	\$ 153,107	100
Cost of goods sold	(109,948)	(52)	(84,111)	(55)
Gross profit	<u>100,775</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>68,996</u>	<u>45</u>
Operating expenses				
Sales and marketing expenses	(8,214)	(4)	(6,894)	(5)
General and administrative expenses	(6,449)	(3)	(4,986)	(3)
Research and development expenses	(21,226)	(10)	(17,503)	(11)
Total operating expenses	<u>(35,889)</u>	<u>(17)</u>	<u>(29,383)</u>	<u>(19)</u>
Operating income	<u>64,886</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>39,613</u>	<u>26</u>
Non-operating income and expenses				
Interest income	25	-	35	-
Other income	102	-	73	-
Other gains and losses	(157)	-	(527)	-
Total non-operating income and expenses	<u>(30)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(419)</u>	<u>-</u>
Income before income tax	64,856	31	39,194	26
Income tax expense	(5,669)	(3)	(2,759)	(2)
Net income for the period from continuing operations	<u>59,187</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>36,435</u>	<u>24</u>
Other comprehensive income				
Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
Currency translation differences of foreign operations	86	-	332	-
Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	<u>86</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>332</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the period	<u>\$ 59,273</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>\$ 36,767</u>	<u>24</u>
Net income attributable to:				
Owners of the Company	<u>\$ 59,187</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>\$ 36,435</u>	<u>24</u>
Comprehensive income attributable to:				
Owners of the Company	<u>\$ 59,273</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>\$ 36,767</u>	<u>24</u>
Earnings per share				
Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.75</u>		<u>\$ 0.46</u>	
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.73</u>		<u>\$ 0.45</u>	

(2) Capital management

The Group manages its capital in a manner to ensure that it has sufficient and necessary financial resources to fund its working capital needs, capital asset purchases, research and development activities, dividend payments, debt service requirements and other business requirements associated with its existing operations over the next 12 months.

(3) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	<u>March 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>March 31, 2021</u>
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Financial assets at amortised cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,752,306	\$ 9,201,743	\$ 8,125,824
Accounts receivable, net	1,603,903	1,394,595	1,629,283
Guarantee deposits paid	1,930,600	1,867,209	30,349
	<u>\$ 13,286,809</u>	<u>\$ 12,463,547</u>	<u>\$ 9,785,456</u>
	<u>March 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>March 31, 2021</u>
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,237,258	\$ 1,130,616	\$ 989,944
Guarantee deposits received	-	920	10,386
	<u>\$ 1,237,258</u>	<u>\$ 1,131,536</u>	<u>\$ 1,000,330</u>
Lease liability	<u>\$ 232,999</u>	<u>\$ 234,571</u>	<u>\$ 282,617</u>

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (such as foreign exchange risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

i. The Group's major purchases and sales transactions are denominated in US Dollars. The change in fair value will be caused by fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate; however, the amounts and periods of the Group's assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are equivalent, so the market risk could be offset.

ii. The Group's businesses involve non-functional currency operations.

The information on assets denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	March 31, 2022		
	Foreign Currency		
	Amount	Exchange	Book Value
	(in RMB thousands)	Rate	(in USD thousands)
(Foreign currency:functional currency)			
Financial assets - monetary items			
RMB:USD	\$ 2,314	0.157	\$ 364

	December 31, 2021		
	Foreign Currency		
	Amount	Exchange	Book Value
	(in RMB thousands)	Rate	(in USD thousands)
(Foreign currency:functional currency)			
Financial assets - monetary items			
RMB:USD	\$ 2,954	0.157	\$ 464

	March 31, 2021		
	Foreign Currency		
	Amount	Exchange	Book Value
	(in RMB thousands)	Rate	(in USD thousands)
(Foreign currency:functional currency)			
Financial assets - monetary items			
RMB:USD	\$ 5,234	0.153	\$ 800

Based on the foreign currency quoted position held by the Group as of March 31, 2022 and 2021, as US dollars appreciate/depreciate by 1%, the profit or loss before tax of the Group would increase by \$104 and \$228, respectively.

iii. Total exchange (gain) loss, including realized and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, amounted to \$5,698 and \$11,684 respectively.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Group treasury. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 360 days.
- iv. If the contract payments were past due over 60 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with customer types. The Group applies the simplified approach using loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- vii. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures.
- viii. The Group used timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. The Group's expected credit loss rate is 50%~75% for the 181~360 days past due accounts receivable and 100% for the up to 360 days past due accounts receivable. Based on past experience, it has been shown that the defaults of these customers have been extremely low. The amount of allowance for doubtful accounts were not significant, so the Group had not recognized related impact as at March 31, 2022 and 2021.
- ix. Movements in relation to the Group applying the approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable had no change for the three months ended as of March 31, 2022 and 2021.

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, money market fund and treasury bill, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts. The Group held treasury bills of \$2,917,794, \$3,376,671 and \$3,310,592 as at March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, respectively, which are expected to immediately generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

<u>March 31, 2022</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Between 1 year and 5 years</u>
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,237,258	\$ -
Other payables	1,169,376	-
Lease liability	99,818	133,181
<u>December 31, 2021</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Between 1 year and 5 years</u>
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,130,616	\$ -
Other payables	2,519,249	-
Lease liability	98,946	135,625
<u>March 31, 2021</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Between 1 year and 5 years</u>
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable	\$ 989,944	\$ -
Other payables	835,217	-
Lease liability	97,203	185,414

(4) Fair value information

A. The different levels of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The book value of financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and other payables, reasonably approximates their fair value.

C. There were no financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value recognized as at March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021.

13. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY THE SECURITIES AND FUTURES BUREAU

(1) Related information of significant transactions

A. Loans granted during the three months ended March 31, 2022: None.

B. Endorsements and guarantees provided during the three months ended March 31, 2022: None.

C. Marketable securities held as at March 31, 2022 (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): None.

D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the three months ended March 31, 2022: None.

E. Acquisition of real estate properties exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the three months ended March 31, 2022: None.

F. Disposal of real estate properties exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the three months ended March 31, 2022: None.

G. Purchases from or sales to related parties exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the three months ended March 31, 2022: None.

H. Receivables from related parties exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital as at March 31, 2022: None.

I. Derivative financial instruments undertaken during the three months ended March 31, 2022: None.

J. Significant inter-company transactions for the three months ended March 31, 2022: Please refer to table 1.

(2) Disclosure information of investee company (not including investees in Mainland China)

Please refer to table 2.

(3) Disclosure information on indirect investments in Mainland China

A. Information on investments in Mainland China: Please refer to table 3.

B. The Company's transactions with investee companies in China through other entities outside of Taiwan and China: Please refer to table 1.

(4) Disclosure information on major shareholders

There is no shareholder holding greater than 5% stake in the Company at March 31, 2022.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The Group operates business only in a single industry. The Board of Directors, who allocates resources and assesses performance of the Group as a whole, has identified that the Group has only one reportable operating segment.

(2) Measurement of segment information

The Group's segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities information are in agreement with its major financial statement information.

(3) Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

The Group's segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities information are in agreement with its major financial statement information.

(4) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

The Group's segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities information are in agreement with its major financial statement information.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
SIGNIFICANT INTER-COMPANY TRANSACTIONS DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction			Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
				General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	
0	Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies, Inc.	(1)	Service expense	\$ 377,966	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	6%
			(1)	Other receivables	9,775	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%
		Parade Technologies Korea, Ltd.	(1)	Service expense	6,296	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%
			(1)	Other payables	1,961	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%
		Parade Technologies, Inc. (Shanghai)	(1)	Service expense	184,413	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	3%
			(1)	Other payables	302,884	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	1%
		Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Nanjing)	(1)	Service expense	119,073	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	2%
			(1)	Other payables	130,946	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	1%
		Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Chongqing)	(1)	Service expense	10,601	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%
			(1)	Other payables	3,191	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1)Parent company is '0'.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

(1)Parent company to subsidiary.

(2)Subsidiary to parent company.

(3)Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 4: The Company may decide to disclose or not to disclose transaction details in this table based on the Materiality Principle.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
INFORMATION ON INVESTEEES
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investor	Investee (Notes 1 and 2)	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at 3/31/2022			Net income of the investee for the three months ended 3/31/2022 (Note 2(2))	Investment income recognised by the Company for the three months ended 3/31/2022 (Note 2(3))	Footnote
				Balance as at 3/31/2022	Balance as at 1/1/2022	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
The Company	Parade Technologies, Inc.	United States	Providing sales and marketing, general and administrative, and research and development services to the Company	\$ 37,219	\$ 37,219	10,000	100.00	\$ 2,314,050	\$ 56,859	\$ 56,859	
The Company	Parade Technologies Korea, Ltd.	South Korea	Providing sales and marketing, general and administrative services to the Company	1,432	1,432	10,000	100.00	18,623	296	296	
The Company	Pinchot Ltd.	Cayman	Providing administrative services to the Company	29	29	1,000	100.00	29	-	-	

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information.

Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

- (1)The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', 'Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at 3/31/2022' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary or indirect subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column.
- (2)The 'Net income (loss) of the investee for the three months ended 3/31/2022' column should fill in amount of net income (loss) of the investee for this period.
- (3)The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the three months ended 3/31/2022' column should fill in the Company (public company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its investee accounted for under the equity method for this period. When filling in recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company (public company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net income (loss) for this period has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognised by regulations.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated	Amount remitted from Taiwan to		Accumulated	Net income of investee as of 3/31/2022	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of 3/31/2022	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of 3/31/2022	Footnote
				amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of 1/1/2022	Mainland China / Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the three months ended 3/31/2022	amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of 3/31/2022	income recognised by the Company for the three months ended 3/31/2022						
Parade Technologies, Inc. (Shanghai)	Providing research and development services to the Company	\$ 37,219	1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,080	100.00	\$ 2,080	\$ 542,446	\$ -	
Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Nanjing)	Providing research and development services to the Company	57,260	2	-	-	-	-	1,690	100.00	1,690	233,285	-	
Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Chongqing)	Providing research and development services to the Company	14,315	2	-	-	-	-	486	100.00	486	16,789	-	
<u>Company name</u>	<u>of 3/31/2022</u>	<u>Investment amount approved by the Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA)(Note 2)</u>	<u>Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA</u>										
The Company	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -										

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following two categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

(1) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.(Parade Technologies, Inc.)

(2) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.

Note 2: The Company is registered in Cayman Islands; therefore, its investment in Mainland China does not need approval from the Investment Commission of MOEA.