PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS
JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-

language auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019 TABLE OF CONTENTS

Contents	Page
COVER PAGE	1
TABLE OF CONTENTS	2~3
REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS	4
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS	5 ~ 6
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	7
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	8
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	9
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	10 ~ 49
1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION	10
2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE	
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND	
PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION	10
3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND	
INTERPRETATIONS	10 ~ 11
4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	11 ~ 20

	Contents	Page
5.	CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND	
	KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY	20
6.	DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS	21 ~ 39
7.	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	39 ~ 40
8.	PLEDGED ASSETS	40
9.	SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND	
	UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS	40
10.	SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS	40
11.	SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE	40
12.	OTHERS	$40 \sim 48$
13.	ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY THE SECURITIES	
	AND FUTURES BUREAU	48 ~ 49
	(1) RELATED INFORMATION OF SIGNIFICANT	
	TRANSACTIONS	48
	(2) DISCLOSURE INFORMATION OF INVESTEE COMPANY	49
	(3) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ON INDIRECT	
	INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA	49
	(4) DISCLOSE INFORMATION ON MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS	49
14.	SEGMENT INFORMATION	49

REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Parade Technologies, Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Parade Technologies, Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and six months then ended, and the related consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six months then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statement, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers" and International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting', as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects the financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2020 and 2019, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three months and six months then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six months then ended in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers" and International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting', as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Chou, Hsiao-Tzu Liang, Hua-Ling For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan July 29, 2020

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the review of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and review report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 2020, DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND JUNE 30, 2019

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

(THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019 ARE REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

		June 30, 2020 December 31, 2019		 June 30, 2019						
	ASSETS	Notes		Amount	<u>%</u>		Amount	<u>%</u>	 Amount	<u>%</u>
	Current assets									
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	8,075,953	52	\$	8,106,000	59	\$ 7,495,983	55
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(2)		1,707,712	11		1,197,533	8	1,351,940	10
130X	Inventories, net	6(3)		985,135	6		943,784	7	1,147,504	8
1410	Prepayments			342,377	2		250,140	2	242,492	2
1470	Other current assets			368,725	3		301,249	2	 334,995	2
11XX	Total current assets			11,479,902	74		10,798,706	78	 10,572,914	77
	Non-current assets									
1600	Property, plant and equipment,	6(4)								
	net			302,529	2		277,838	2	287,329	2
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(5)		148,839	1		181,543	2	217,949	2
1780	Intangible assets	6(6)(14)		3,363,513	22		2,374,609	17	2,551,886	19
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(20)		155,633	1		113,956	1	76,565	-
1900	Other non-current assets			26,608			25,956		 27,217	
15XX	Total non-current assets		_	3,997,122	26	_	2,973,902	22	 3,160,946	23
1XXX	TOTAL ASSETS		\$	15,477,024	100	\$	13,772,608	100	\$ 13,733,860	100

(Continued)

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2020, DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND JUNE 30, 2019 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

(THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019 ARE REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Notes		June 30, 2020 Amount	%		December 31, 20 Amount	19 %		June 30, 2019 Amount	%
	Current liabilities			-	7,0		- Timewiii				7.0
2170	Accounts payable		\$	864,510	6	\$	786,191	6	\$	955,482	7
2200	Other payables	6(7)		2,137,572	14		738,687	5		1,694,109	12
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(20)		562,223	4		616,281	4		541,772	4
2280	Lease liabilities - current	6(5)		57,378	-		65,937	1		63,867	-
2300	Other current liabilities			242,992	1		190,109	1		204,784	2
21XX	Total current liabilities			3,864,675	25		2,397,205	17		3,460,014	25
	Non-current liability										
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current	6(5)		91,461	1		115,606	1		154,082	1
25XX	Non-current liabilities			91,461	1		115,606	1		154,082	1
2XXX	Total liabilities			3,956,136	26		2,512,811	18		3,614,096	26
	Equity attributable to owners of										
	the Company										
	Share capital	6(10)									
3110	Ordinary shares			800,100	5		799,205	6		792,144	6
	Capital reserves	6(11)									
3200	Capital reserves			3,201,278	21		3,159,096	23		2,869,927	21
	Retained earnings	6(12)									
3310	Legal reserve			807,466	5		807,466	6		807,466	6
3320	Special reserve			264,951	2		8,324	-		8,324	-
3350	Unappropriated earnings			7,512,564	49		7,518,192	55		6,203,669	45
	Other equity										
3400	Other equity		(963,746)(7)((930,761)(7)	(358,316)(3)
3500	Treasury shares	6(10)	(101,725)(1)((101,725)(1)	(203,450)(1)
31XX	Equity attributable to										
	owners of the Company			11,520,888	74		11,259,797	82	_	10,119,764	74
3XXX	Total equity		_	11,520,888	74		11,259,797	82		10,119,764	74
	Significant events after the	11									
	balance sheet date										
3X2X	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND										
	EQUITY		\$	15,477,024	100	\$	13,772,608	100	\$	13,733,860	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNT) (UNAUDITED)

				For the three months ended June 30,			For the six months ended June 30,						
				2020 2019			2020		2019				
		Notes	_	Amount	%	_	Amount	%	_	Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Revenue	6(15)	\$	3,632,919	100	\$	2,824,499	100	\$	6,594,548	100	\$ 5,713,877	100
5000	Cost of goods sold	6(3)	(2,024,686)		(1,638,014) (58)	(3,664,539) (<u>56</u>) (3,317,585)	(58)
5900	Gross profit		_	1,608,233	44		1,186,485	42	_	2,930,009	44	2,396,292	42
	Operating expenses	6(18)(19) and											
		7						<u>.</u> .					
6100	Sales and marketing expenses		(156,612)	(4)	(138,991) (5)	(303,054) (4) (278,805)	(5)
6200	General and administrative			121 065			05.050	2.		244 (40)		102 020	. 2:
6200	expenses		(134,965)	(4)	(97,252) (3)	(244,610) (4) (192,829)	(3)
6300	Research and development		,	454 065)	(10)	,	415 010) (1.5	,	070 740 /	10) (010 006	(1.4)
6000	expenses		(_	454,265)	(12)	_	415,819) (<u>15</u>)	_	872,743) (13) (810,026)	
6000	Total operating expenses		(_	745,842)	(20)	(652,062) (23)	(_	1,420,407) (<u>21</u>) (1,281,660)	
6900	Operating income		_	862,391	24		534,423	19	_	1,509,602	23	1,114,632	20
	Non-operating income and												
7100	expenses Interest income	6(16)		1 261			20 627	1		25 900		50, 700	1
7010	Other income	6(17)		1,261 2,183	-		30,637 20	1		25,800 3,015	-	50,792 20	1
7010	Other gains and losses	0(17)		812	-		3,044	-		3,013 49	- - (910)	-
7000	Total non-operating income		_	012	<u> </u>	_	3,044	<u> </u>	_	49	(910)	<u> </u>
7000	and expenses			4,256			33,701	1		28,864		49,902	1
7900	Income before income tax		_	866,647	24	_	568,124	20	_	1,538,466	23	1,164,534	21
7950	Income tax expense	6(20)	,	23,084)	(1)	(21,110) (1)	(72,012) (1) (44,383) ((1)
8000	Net income for the period from	0(20)		23,004)	()		21,110)('_	72,012) (44,365)(
8000	continuing operations			843,563	23		547,014	19		1,466,454	22	1,120,151	20
	Other comprehensive income		_	043,303		_	347,014	13	_	1,400,434		1,120,131	
	(loss)												
	Components of other												
	comprehensive income (loss)												
	that will not be reclassified to												
	profit or loss												
8361	Other comprehensive income												
	(loss), before tax, exchange												
	differences on translation		(249,610)	(7)		73,977	3	(157,003) (2)	115,003	2
8310	Components of other												
	comprehensive income												
	(loss) that will not be												
	reclassified to profit or loss		(249,610)	(<u>7</u>)		73,977	3	(157,003) (2)	115,003	2
8500	Total comprehensive income for												
	the period		\$	593,953	16	\$	620,991	22	\$	1,309,451	20	\$ 1,235,154	22
	Net income, attributable to:												
8610	Owners of the Company		\$	843,563	23	\$	547,014	19	\$	1,466,454	22	\$ 1,120,151	20
	Comprehensive income												
	attributable to:												
8710	Owners of the Company		\$	593,953	16	\$	620,991	22	\$	1,309,451	20	\$ 1,235,154	22
	Earnings per share												
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(13)	\$		10.81	\$		7.10	\$	1	8.81	\$	14.57
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(13)	\$		10.54	\$		6.84	\$				14.00
			÷			÷			÷				

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (UNAUDITED)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent Capital reserves Retained earnings Other equity interest Currency Paid-in capital in Capital reserve Capital reserve translation excess of ordinary Capital reserve from employee from restricted Unappropriated differences of Unearned Treasury Ordinary shares stock options stocks others Legal reserve Special reserve Total Notes shares earnings foreign operations compensation shares For the six months ended June 30, 2019 Balance at January 1, 2019 5,825,247 \$ 790,147 1,937,262 124,014 719,348 36,423 807,466 \$ 246,657 595,341 (\$203,450) 9,721,494 Net income for the period 1,120,151 1,120,151 Other comprehensive income for the period 115,003 115,003 Total comprehensive income 1,120,151 115,003 1,235,154 Share-based compensation cost 6(9) 132,721 132,721 Exercise of employee stock options 6(9)(10) 1,318 16,284 7,145) 10,457 Issuance of restricted stocks 6(9) 1,063 54,579 55,642) Vesting of restricted stocks 123,751 123,751) Cancellation of share-based compensation and related 6(9)(10) 384 10,838 689 11,222 689 cash dividend recovered Earnings appropriation Special reserve 238,333) 238,333 980,751) Cash dividends 980,751) Balance at June 30, 2019 \$ 792,144 2,077,297 116,869 639,338 36,423 \$ 807,466 8,324 6,203,669 148,724 507,040 (\$203,450 \$ 10,119,764 For the six months ended June 30, 2020 Balance at January 1, 2020 \$ 799,205 2,219,694 113,159 826,243 \$ 807,466 7,518,192 264,951) 665,810 (\$101,725) \$ 11,259,797 Net income for the period 1,466,454 1,466,454 Other comprehensive loss for the period 157,003 157,003) Total comprehensive (loss) income 1,466,454 157,003 1,309,451 Share-based compensation cost 6(9) 156,620 156,620 Exercise of employee stock options 6(9)(10) 885 7,634) 10,475 17,224 Issuance of restricted stocks 6(9) 537 38,180 38,717) Vesting of restricted stocks 182,016 182,016) Cancellation of share-based compensation and related 6(9)(10) cash dividend recovered 527) 5,588 1,432 6,115 1,432 Earnings appropriation Special reserve 256,627 256,627) Cash dividends 1,216,887 1,216,887) Balance at June 30, 2020 2,418,934 105,525 676,819 \$ 807,466 \$ 264,951 421,954 541,792 \$ 800,100 7,512,564 (\$101,725 \$ 11,520,888

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS) (UNAUDITED)

			For the six month	hs ended	June 30,
	Notes		2020		2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Income before income tax for the period		\$	1,538,466	\$	1,164,534
Adjustments		4	1,550,100	Ψ	1,101,331
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Depreciation (including the right-of-use assets)	6(4)(5)		94,237		93,795
Amortization	6(6)		127,289		134,304
Loss on disposal of equipment	6(4)		· -		26
Share-based compensation cost	6(9)(19)		156,620		132,721
Interest income	6(16)	(25,800)	(50,792)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Changes in operating assets					
Accounts receivable		(524,159)		75,088
Inventories		(52,370)	(35,543)
Prepayments		(95,157)	(33,282)
Other current assets		(22,487)		1,575
Changes in operating liabilities					
Accounts payable			87,498	(26,837)
Other payables			190,622		81,336
Other current liabilities			55,102	(22,402)
Cash inflow generated from operations			1,529,861		1,514,523
Interest received			25,715		50,733
Income tax paid		(211,067)	(15,192)
Income tax received			12		<u>-</u>
Net cash flows from operating activities			1,344,521		1,550,064
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(4)	(84,169)	(20,936)
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(6)	(53,622)	(97,547)
Increase in refundable deposits		(955)	(2,089)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	6(14)	(1,112,458)		<u>-</u>
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(1,251,204)	(120,572)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options			10,475		10,457
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	6(5)	(33,769)	(30,630)
Cash dividend recovered from cancellation of share-based					
compensation			1,432		689
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(21,862)	(19,484)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash					
equivalents		(101,502)		74,047
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(30,047)		1,484,055
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		,	8,106,000		6,011,928
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	8,075,953	\$	7,495,983

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED) (UNAUDITED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Parade Technologies, Ltd. (the "Company") was established in the Cayman Islands on November 15, 2005. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are engaged in the research and development, and marketing and sale of high-speed interface standards, touch controller and display processing integrated circuit chips for products used in computers, consumer electronics and display panels. The shares of the Company were authorized by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. and have been traded on Taipei Exchange (formerly GreTai Securities Market) in the R.O.C. since September 13, 2011 (stock code:4966).

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on July 29, 2020.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2020 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8, 'Disclosure initiative-definition of	January 1, 2020
material'	
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Definition of a business'	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7, 'Interest rate benchmark	January 1, 2020
reform'	
Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19-related rent concessions'	June 1, 2020

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new standards and amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

None.

(3) <u>IFRSs issued by International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") but not yet endorsed by the FSC</u> New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9'	January 1, 2021
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts—cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements are prepared by the Group in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and IAS 34, 'Interim financial reporting', as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

		Ownership (%)				
			June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	
Investor	Subsidiary	Main business activities	2020	2019	2019	Description
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies, Inc.	Providing sales and marketing, general and administrative, and research and development services to the Company	100	100	100	-
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies Korea, Ltd.	Providing sales and marketing, general and administrative services to the Company	100	100	100	-
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies Ireland, Ltd.	Providing research and development services to the Company	100	100	100	Note 1
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Nanjing)	Providing research and development services to the Company	100	100	100	-
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Pinchot Ltd.	Providing administrative services to the Company	100	-	-	Note 2
Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Chongqing)	Providing research and development services to the Company	100	-	-	Note 3
Parade Technologies, Inc.	Parade Technologies, Inc. (Shanghai)	Providing research and development services to the Company	100	100	100	-

- Note 1:In order to comply with local regulations, Parade Technologies Ireland, Ltd. should be recognized as a branch and renamed as Parade Technologies, Ireland Branch. The Company is in the process of amending its business registration in 2020.
- Note 2:Pinchot Ltd. was established on March 19, 2020. The Board of Directors approved the merger with Fresco Logic Inc. and signed the merger contract and related plan on April 23, 2020. Pinchot Ltd. became the surviving entity after the merger with Fresco Logic Inc., and Fresco Logic Inc. was dissolved after the merger.

Note 3:Established after the acquisition of Fresco Logic. Inc. on June 1, 2020.

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements:

None.

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates:

None.

E. Significant restrictions:

None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The Company's functional currency is US Dollars; however, the consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars under the regulations of the Republic of China where the consolidated financial statements are reported to the regulatory authorities.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon retranslation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and jointly controlled entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits, money market fund and treasury bill that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Accounts receivable

- A. Accounts receivable entitles the Group to a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(8) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost including accounts receivable or contract assets that have a significant financing component, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(9) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(10) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the standard cost method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, other direct costs and related production overheads. The item-by-item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(11) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Equipment is initially recorded at cost.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Subsequent measurement of equipment applies the cost model and is depreciated using the straightline method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. If a component is significant, it shall be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of equipment are as follows:

Machinery and equipment $3 \sim 5$ yearsOffice equipment $3 \sim 5$ yearsLeasehold improvements5 years

(12) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities</u>

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use assets and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low- value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments are comprised of the fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use assets when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use assets is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date; and
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee.

The right-of-use assets is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use assets.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(13) <u>Intangible assets</u>

A. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 to 5 years.

B. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

C. Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets are mainly patents and mask, which are stated at cost and amortized on the straight-line basis over the estimated economic useful life of 3 to 10 years.

(14) Impairment of non-financial assets

A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist, the impairment loss shall be reversed which shall not exceed the book value of the asset, net of depreciation or

amortization, if unimpaired.

B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill are evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognized in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.

(15) Accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services.
- B. The short-term accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(16) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period, and should be recognized as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

Each subsidiary of the Group adopts defined contribution pension plan in accordance with local regulations. The contributions are recognized as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis.

C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognized as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employees' compensation is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(17) Share-based compensation

A. For the equity-settled share-based compensation arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-market vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognized is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

B. Restricted Stocks Awards:

- (a) Restricted stocks issued to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period.
- (b) For restricted stocks, where those stocks do not restrict distribution of dividends to employees.

However, employees must return the dividends received if they resign before the vesting conditions are fully satisfied. When receiving dividend, the Group credits related amounts that were previously debited from retained earnings, legal reserve or capital reserve at the date of dividends declaration.

(c) For restricted stocks where employees do not need to pay to acquire those stocks. However, when employees resign before the vesting conditions are fully satisfied, the Group will redeem the restricted stocks without consideration and then retire them. After the restricted stocks were retired, the Group decreased 'Ordinary shares' and 'Other Equity-Unearned compensation'.

(18) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from research and development expenditures to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will

be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilized.

- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognized based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- H. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(19) Share capital

- A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.
- B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

(20) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(21) Revenue recognition

The Group manufactures and sells high-speed interfacing chips, touch and serial products of DisplayPort. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of value-added tax, returns and rebates for the sale of goods to external customers in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue arising from the sales of goods is recognized when the Group has delivered the goods to the customer, the amount of sales revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity. The delivery of goods is completed when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold, and the customer has accepted the goods based on the sales contract or there is objective evidence showing that all acceptance provisions have been satisfied.

(22) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker, who is responsible for

allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

(23) Business combinations

- A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.
- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognized and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognized directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Impairment assessment of goodwill

The impairment assessment of goodwill relies on the Group's subjective judgement, including identifying cash-generating units, allocating assets and liabilities as well as goodwill to related cash-generating units, and determining the recoverable amounts of related cash-generating units.

As of June 30, 2020, the Group recognized goodwill amounted to \$2,186,678.

B. Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technological innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of inventories was \$985,135.

6. <u>DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS</u>

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	 June 30, 2020	Dece	ember 31, 2019	 June 30, 2019
Cash on hand	\$ 66	\$	67	\$ 70
Checking accounts and bank deposits	 2,768,604		2,175,518	 1,850,566
	2,768,670		2,175,585	1,850,636
Cash equivalents				
Money market fund	33,314		33,608	34,712
Treasury bill	 5,273,969		5,896,807	 5,610,635
	\$ 8,075,953	\$	8,106,000	\$ 7,495,983

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Accounts receivable

	June 30, 2020	Dec	ember 31, 2019	 June 30, 2019
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,707,712	\$	1,197,533	\$ 1,351,940
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	 _			
	\$ 1,707,712	\$	1,197,533	\$ 1,351,940

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

]	June 30, 2020 December 31, 2019		 June 30, 2019	
Not past due	\$	1,543,414	\$	1,147,854	\$ 1,092,424
60 days		164,298		49,679	259,516
90 days		-		-	-
91-180 days		-		-	-
181-360 days		-		-	-
over 360 days					
	\$	1,707,712	\$	1,197,533	\$ 1,351,940

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, accounts receivable are all from contracts with customers.
- C. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(3).

(3) <u>Inventories</u>

			J	June 30, 2020		
		Cost		Allowance		Book value
Raw materials	\$	264,895	(\$	107,720)	\$	157,175
Work-in-process		627,631	(91,117)		536,514
Finished goods		336,483	(45,037)		291,446
	\$	1,229,009	(<u>\$</u>	243,874)	<u>\$</u>	985,135
			Dec	cember 31, 2019		
		Cost		Allowance		Book value
Raw materials	\$	291,585	(\$	115,804)	\$	175,781
Work-in-process		429,224	(81,731)		347,493
Finished goods		464,148	(43,638)		420,510
	\$	1,184,957	(<u>\$</u>	241,173)	\$	943,784
			J	June 30, 2019		
		Cost		Allowance		Book value
Raw materials	\$	489,142	(\$	73,828)	\$	415,314
Work-in-process		453,500	(120,260)		333,240
Finished goods		441,074	(42,124)		398,950
	\$	1,383,716	(\$	236,212)	\$	1,147,504
The cost of inventories rec	comised as e	xpense for the per	iod.			

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

F	or the three mont	hs end	ed June 30,
	2020		2019
\$	1,972,919	\$	1,577,861
	-		26,313
	-	(10,899)
	51,767		44,739
\$	2,024,686	\$	1,638,014
	For the six month	ıs ende	ed June 30,
	2020		2019
\$	3,562,808	\$	3,155,590
	4,626		84,890
	-	(10,899)
	97,105		88,004
\$	3,664,539	\$	3,317,585
	\$	2020 \$ 1,972,919 51,767 \$ 2,024,686 For the six month 2020 \$ 3,562,808 4,626 97,105	\$ 1,972,919 \$ - (51,767 \$ 2,024,686 \$ For the six months ender 2020 \$ 3,562,808 \$ 4,626 - (97,105

(4) Property, plant and equipment

The Group had no property and plant as of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019.

	M	achinery		Office	L	easehold	
	and	equipment	(equipment	imp	provements	Total
<u>At January 1, 2020</u>							
Cost	\$	621,064	\$	57,539	\$	117,645 \$	796,248
Accumulated depreciation	(412,427)	(46,181)	(59,802) (518,410)
	\$	208,637	\$	11,358	\$	57,843 \$	277,838
Six months ended June 30, 2020							
Opening net book amount	\$	208,637	\$	11,358	\$	57,843 \$	277,838
Additions		82,224		1,945		-	84,169
Acquired from business combinations		2,271		529		2,401	5,201
Depreciation charge	(50,394) ((2,872)	(7,202) (60,468)
Net exchange differences	(3,442) ((104)	(665) (4,211)
Closing net book amount	\$	239,296	\$	10,856	\$	52,377 \$	
At June 30, 2020							
Cost	\$	693,114	\$	57,229	\$	118,300 \$	868,643
Accumulated depreciation	(453,818)	Ψ (46,373)		65,923) (566,114)
recumulated depreciation	\$	239,296	<u> </u>	10,856	\$	52,377 \$	
	Ψ	237,270	Ψ	10,020	Ψ	<u> </u>	302,327
	M	achinery		Office	L	easehold	
		achinery equipment	(Office equipment		easehold provements	Total
At January 1, 2019		•					Total
At January 1, 2019 Cost		•	\$				
-	and	equipment		equipment	imp	provements	
Cost	and	579,009 329,035)		54,754 43,436)	imp	110,958 \$ 46,198) (744,721 418,669)
Cost	<u>and</u> \$ (<u>equipment</u> 579,009	\$ (equipment 54,754	<u>im</u>] \$ (110,958 \$ 46,198) (744,721 418,669)
Cost Accumulated depreciation	<u>and</u> \$ (579,009 329,035)	\$ (54,754 43,436)	<u>im</u>] \$ (110,958 \$ 46,198) (744,721 418,669) 326,052
Cost Accumulated depreciation Six months ended June 30, 2019	* (579,009 329,035) (249,974	\$ (54,754 43,436) 11,318	<u>im</u>] \$ (110,958 \$ 46,198) (64,760 \$	744,721 418,669) 326,052
Cost Accumulated depreciation Six months ended June 30, 2019 Opening net book amount	* (579,009 329,035) 249,974	\$ (54,754 43,436) 11,318	<u>im</u>] \$ (110,958 \$ 46,198) (64,760 \$	744,721 418,669) 326,052
Cost Accumulated depreciation Six months ended June 30, 2019 Opening net book amount Additions	* (equipment 579,009 329,035) (249,974 249,974 18,830	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	54,754 43,436) 11,318	<u>im</u>] \$ (110,958 \$ 46,198) (64,760 \$	744,721 418,669) 326,052 326,052 20,936
Cost Accumulated depreciation Six months ended June 30, 2019 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals	<u>and</u> \$ (249,974 18,830 26)	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	54,754 43,436) 11,318 11,318 1,527	<u>im</u>] \$ (110,958 \$ 46,198) (64,760 \$ 579 - (744,721 418,669) 326,052 326,052 20,936 26)
Cost Accumulated depreciation Six months ended June 30, 2019 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals Depreciation charge	<u>and</u> \$ (equipment 579,009 329,035) 249,974 249,974 18,830 26) 52,359)	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	54,754 43,436) 11,318 11,318 1,527 - 3,154)	<u>im</u>] \$ (110,958 \$ 46,198) (64,760 \$ 64,760 \$ 579 - (7,652) (744,721 418,669) 326,052 326,052 20,936 26) 63,165) 3,532
Cost Accumulated depreciation Six months ended June 30, 2019 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals Depreciation charge Net exchange differences Closing net book amount	\$ (249,974 18,830 26) 52,359) (2,711	\$ (<u>\$</u> \$	54,754 43,436) 11,318 11,318 1,527 - 3,154) 117	imp \$ (110,958 \$ 46,198) (64,760 \$ 579 - (7,652) (704	744,721 418,669) 326,052 326,052 20,936 26) 63,165) 3,532
Cost Accumulated depreciation Six months ended June 30, 2019 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals Depreciation charge Net exchange differences Closing net book amount At June 30, 2019	\$ (equipment 579,009 329,035) 249,974 249,974 18,830 26) 52,359) 2,711 219,130	\$ (\$ \$\$	54,754 43,436) 11,318 11,318 1,527 - 3,154) 117 9,808	\$ (110,958 \$ 46,198) (64,760 \$ 579 - (7,652) (704 58,391 \$	744,721 418,669) 326,052 20,936 26) 63,165) 3,532 287,329
Cost Accumulated depreciation Six months ended June 30, 2019 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals Depreciation charge Net exchange differences Closing net book amount At June 30, 2019 Cost	\$ (equipment 579,009 329,035) (249,974 18,830 26) 52,359) (2,711 219,130 604,038	\$ (<u>\$</u> \$	54,754 43,436) 11,318 11,318 1,527 - 3,154) 117 9,808	imp \$ (110,958 \$ 46,198) (64,760 \$ 64,760 \$ 579 - (7,652) (704 58,391 \$	326,052 326,052 326,052 20,936 26) 63,165) 3,532 287,329
Cost Accumulated depreciation Six months ended June 30, 2019 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals Depreciation charge Net exchange differences Closing net book amount At June 30, 2019	\$ (equipment 579,009 329,035) 249,974 249,974 18,830 26) 52,359) 2,711 219,130	\$ (\$ \$\$	54,754 43,436) 11,318 11,318 1,527 - 3,154) 117 9,808	\$ (110,958 \$ 46,198) (64,760 \$ 579 - (7,652) (704 58,391 \$	744,721 418,669) 326,052 326,052 20,936 26) 63,165) 3,532 287,329 773,420 486,091)

The above equipment is for self-use.

(5) <u>Leasing arrangements—lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases assets including buildings. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 201	9 June 30, 2019
	Carrying amount	Carrying amount	Carrying amount
Right-of-use assets- Buildings	\$ 148,839	\$ 181,54	3 \$ 217,949
		For the three mon	ths ended June 30,
		2020	2019
		Depreciation	Depreciation
Right-of-use assets- Buildings	<u>\$</u>	21,348	\$ 15,939
		For the six month	ns ended June 30,
		2020	2019
		Depreciation	Depreciation
Right-of-use assets- Buildings	<u>\$</u>	33,769	\$ 30,630

- C. For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the additions to right-of-use assets amounted to \$4,185 and \$72,272, respectively.
- D. The information on income and expense accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,				
Items affecting profit or loss		2020	2019		
Expense on short-term lease contracts	\$	4,569	\$	5,826	
	For the six months ended June 30,				
	Fo	r the six month	hs ended Ju	ine 30,	
Items affecting profit or loss	-	r the six month		2019	

E. For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Group's total cash outflow for leases amounted to \$42,794 and \$42,286, respectively.

(6) <u>Intangible assets</u>

						Patent		
		Software		Goodwill	_ 6	and others		Total
At January 1, 2020								
Cost	\$	61,213	\$	1,470,575	\$	1,894,283	\$	3,426,071
Accumulated amortization	(25,457)		_	(1,026,005)	(1,051,462)
	\$	35,756	\$	1,470,575	\$	868,278	\$	2,374,609
Six months ended June 30, 2020								
Opening net book amount	\$	35,756	\$	1,470,575	\$	868,278	\$	2,374,609
Additions - acquired separately		934		-		52,688		53,622
Additions - acquired through business								
combinations		581		733,271		355,560		1,089,412
Amortization charge	(5,022)		-	(122,267)	(127,289)
Net exchange differences	(<u>395</u>)	(17,168)	(9,278)	(26,841)
Closing net book amount	\$	31,854	\$	2,186,678	\$	1,144,981	\$	3,363,513
				_				_
At June 30, 2020								
Cost	\$	61,950	\$	2,186,678	\$	2,279,767	\$	4,528,395
Accumulated amortization	(30,096)		_	(1,134,786)	(1,164,882)
	\$	31,854	\$	2,186,678	\$	1,144,981	\$	3,363,513
						Patent		
	(Software		Goodwill		and others		Total
At Ionuam 1 2010		Joitware		Goodwiii	_	ind others	_	Total
At January 1, 2019 Cost	Ф	35,219	\$	1,506,873	\$	1 707 710	\$	2 220 902
Accumulated amortization	\$	18,945)	Ф	1,300,873	φ (1,797,710 760,460)	Φ (3,339,802 779,405)
Accumulated amortization	(<u> </u>	•	Φ.	1 506 972	((•
G' 1 1 1 1 20 2010	\$	16,274	\$	1,506,873	\$	1,037,250	\$	2,560,397
Six months ended June 30, 2019	Ф	16 074	Ф	1 506 072	ф	1 027 250	ф	2.560.207
Opening net book amount	\$	16,274	\$	1,506,873	\$	1,037,250	\$	2,560,397
Additions - acquired separately	(25,094		-	(72,453	,	97,547
Amortization charge	(2,315)		- 1 <i>6 6</i> 79	(131,989)	(134,304)
Net exchange differences	Φ.	241		16,678		11,327	Φ.	28,246
Closing net book amount	\$	39,294	\$	1,523,551	\$	989,041	\$	2,551,886
At June 30, 2019								
Cost	\$	60,763	\$	1,523,551	\$	1,890,246	\$	3,474,560
Accumulated amortization	(_	21,469)			(901,205)	(_	922,674)
	\$	39,294	\$	1,523,551	\$	989,041	\$	2,551,886
			_					_

The recoverable amount of goodwill has been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow and discount rate projections based on financial budgets covering the next five-year period.

(7) Other payables

	J	une 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	 June 30, 2019
Cash dividends payable	\$	1,216,887	\$ -	\$ 980,751
Employees' compensation and				
directors' remuneration		350,187	246,587	291,766
Payroll, bonus and accrued vacation		327,616	301,001	204,282
Engineering expenses		72,285	29,054	29,851
Legal and professional fees		54,431	51,007	47,677
Commissions		46,700	49,577	45,285
Others		69,466	61,461	 94,497
	\$	2,137,572	\$ 738,687	\$ 1,694,109

(8) Pensions

Each subsidiary adopts a funded defined contribution pension plan in accordance with local regulations. Under the pension plan, subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount to an independent fund. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$22,490, \$29,927, \$48,773 and \$58,376, respectively.

(9) Share-based compensation expenses

- A. The Board of Directors approved the stock compensation plan during 2006. The plan originally calls for issuing 3 million shares of employee stock options, which subsequently increased to 11,696 thousand shares, 11,396 thousand shares, 6,897 thousand shares, and 5,697 thousand shares with the approval of the Board of Directors in 2011, 2010, 2008, and 2007, respectively. Each share can purchase one share of the Company's Ordinary Share. The beneficiaries include the employees, the directors, and the contracted consultants of the Company. The employee stock options are valid for 10 years from the issuance. The owners can exercise 25% of their options after first year of issuance, and they can exercise one-sixteenth of the original amount each quarter. The exercise price will be based on the market price of the Ordinary Share.
- B. In March 2012, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the 2012 employee stock option plan and resolved to issue 940 units of employee stock options to the employees of the Company. Each unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The employee stock options are valid for 10 years from the issuance. The holders may exercise the stock options in installments two years after the issuance. The exercise price under the plan shall not be less than the closing price of the Company's common stock at the issuance. The issuance of the employee stock options was submitted to the FSC, and became effective in April 2012.

C. As of June 30, 2020, the Company's not fully exercised share-based payment transactions are set forth below:

		Quantity		
Type of		granted	Contract	Vesting
arrangement	Grant date	(in thousands)	period	conditions
Employee stock	Jan. 20, 2011	1,090	10 years	1 ~ 5 years'
options	Jan. 20, 2011	1,090	10 years	service
Employee stock	Apr. 28, 2011	22	10 years	1 ~ 5 years'
options	11p1. 20, 2011		10 years	service
Employee stock	Jun. 13, 2011	521	10 years	1 ~ 5 years'
options Employee steels			·	service 2 ~ 4 years'
Employee stock options	Jul. 26, 2012	940	10 years	2 ~ 4 years service
Employee restricted stock				Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note)	Jul. 27, 2016	1,150	4 years	in the contract
Employee restricted stock				Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note)	Aug. 1, 2017	896	4 years	in the contract
Employee restricted stock	D 0.0017	1.5	4	Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note)	Dec. 8, 2017	15	4 years	in the contract
Employee restricted stock	Feb. 7, 2018	7	4 years	Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note)	reu. 7, 2016	1	4 years	in the contract
Employee restricted stock	Apr. 26, 2018	5	4 years	Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note)	11p1. 20, 2010	3	i years	in the contract
Employee restricted stock	Jun. 28, 2018	77	4 years	Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		J	in the contract
Employee restricted stock	Aug. 1, 2018	490	4 years	Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note) Employee restricted stock			•	in the contract Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note)	Oct. 31, 2018	4	4 years	in the contract
Employee restricted stock				Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note)	Feb. 13, 2019	6	4 years	in the contract
Employee restricted stock		400		Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note)	Apr. 30, 2019	100	4 years	in the contract
Employee restricted stock	I 1 21 2010	602	4	Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note)	Jul. 31, 2019	682	4 years	in the contract
Employee restricted stock	Oct. 30, 2019	14	4 years	Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note)	Oct. 30, 2019	14	4 years	in the contract
Employee restricted stock	Feb. 12, 2020	9	4 years	Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note)	100. 12, 2020	,	. yours	in the contract
Employee restricted stock	Apr. 29, 2020	45	4 years	Service years as stipulated
awards plan (Note)	r, -		. ,	in the contract

Note: Restrictions before the vesting conditions are fully satisfied are as follows:

- (a) The grantee employee shall not sell, transfer, make gift of, create other rights or encumbrances on the restricted stocks awards (the "RSAs"), or otherwise dispose of the RSAs in any other manner.
- (b) All the proposal rights, motion rights, speech rights, voting rights and any other shareholder rights shall be exercised by the trustee or the custodian.
- (c) The restrictions (including but not limited to transfer restrictions and vesting conditions) applicable to any and all unvested RSAs (and any share derived from such RSAs for whatever reason,

including share dividend, retained earnings capitalization, recapitalization, reserve capitalization and any cash distributed based on such RSAs for whatever reason, including cash dividend and distribution of capital reserve in the form of cash) shall equally apply to any share derived, directly or indirectly, from and cash distributed based on such unvested RSAs for whatever reason, including share dividend, retained earnings capitalization, recapitalization, reserve capitalization, cash dividend and distribution of capital reserve in the form of cash, and any interests.

D. Details of the employee stock options are set forth below:

		For the six mon	ns ended June 30,			
		2020		2019		
	No. of shares (in thousands)	Weighted-average exercise price (in US dollars)	No. of shares (in thousands)	Weighted-average exercise price (in US dollars)		
Options outstanding at beginning of period	566					
Options exercised Options outstanding at	(88)	3.94	<u> </u>	2.56		
end of period Options exercisable at	<u>478</u>	5.46	613	5.79		
end of period	478		613			

- E. The weighted-average stock price of stock options at exercise dates for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$732.50 and \$512.04 (in dollars), respectively.
- F. The Company estimates the fair value of stock options using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The details are as follows:

					Expected	Expected		
			Exercise	Expected	vesting	dividend	Risk-free	Fair value
Type of		Stock	price	price	period	yield	interest	per unit
arrangement	Grant date	price	(in dollars)	volatility	(in years)	rate	rate	(in dollars)
Employee stock options	Jan. 20, 2011	-	US\$1.220	70%	6.25	-	2.78%	US\$1.220
Employee stock options	Apr. 28, 2011	-	US\$1.220	70%	6.25	-	2.23%	US\$1.220
Employee stock options	Jun. 13, 2011	-	US\$2.010	70%	6.25	-	2.23%	US\$2.010
Employee stock options	Jul. 26, 2012	NT\$338.5	NT\$338.5	48%	6.375	-	1.06%	NT\$159.84

- G. Please see Note 6(10) for the related information about the fair value of employee restricted ordinary shares issued by the Company.
- H. The Company reissued 250 thousand treasury shares with repurchase price amounting to \$101,725 to its employees with the effective date set on July 31, 2019 in accordance with the Share Repurchase and Employee Incentive Plan. The subscription price of \$406.90 (in dollars) per share equals the average repurchase price per share. The fair value of the treasury shares reissued was measured based

on the market price at the grant date.

I. Expenses incurred on share-based compensation transactions are as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,					
		2020	2019			
Equity-settled	\$	75,534 \$	67,387			
	F0	or the six months en	ded June 30,			
		2020	2019			
Equity-settled	\$	156,620 \$	132,721			

(10) Share capital/Treasury shares

A. As of June 30, 2020, the Company's authorized capital was \$1,500,000, consisting of 150 million shares of ordinary share, and the paid-in capital was \$800,100 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows (in thousands of shares, and excluding treasury shares):

	For the six months ended June 30, 2020					
	Unrestricted shares	Restricted shares	Treasury shares	Total		
At January 1	78,042	1,879	(250)	79,671		
Employee stock options exercised	88	-	-	88		
Employee restricted shares	-	54	-	54		
Satisfied vesting conditions of options	439	(439)	-	-		
Cancellation of share-based						
compensation		(53)		(53)		
At June 30	78,569	1,441	(250)	79,760		
	For the	ne six months ended	June 30, 2019			
	Unrestricted shares	Restricted shares	Treasury shares	Total		
At January 1	77,161	1,854	(500)	78,515		
Employee stock options exercised	132	-	-	132		
Employee restricted shares	-	106	-	106		
Satisfied vesting conditions of options	325	(325)	-	-		
Cancellation of share-based						
compensation		(38)		(38)		
At June 30	77,618	1,597	(500)	78,715		

B. The Board of Directors during its meeting on July 31, 2019, October 30, 2019 February 13, 2020 and April 29, 2020 adopted a resolution to issue employee restricted ordinary shares (see Note 6(9)) with the effective date set on July 31, 2019, October 30, 2019 February 13, 2020 and April 29, 2020, respectively. Each share will be issued without consideration. The decision of the fair value was based on the closing price of \$517, \$598, \$691 and \$728 (in dollars) at the grant date. The employee restricted ordinary shares issued are subject to stockholders' right restrictions, please see Note 6(9) for details. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of these shares issued are the same

- as other issued ordinary shares. Due to employee termination, reacquired share capital is \$243 as of June 30, 2020, including unretired share capital of \$37.
- C. The Board of Directors during its meeting on August 1, 2018, October 31, 2018 and February 13, 2019 and April 30, 2019 adopted a resolution to issue employee restricted ordinary shares (see Note 6(9)) with the effective date set on August 1, 2018, October 31, 2018, February 13, 2019 and April 30, 2019, respectively. Each share will be issued without consideration. The decision of the fair value was based on the closing price of \$469.5, \$410, \$531 and \$523 (in dollars) at the grant date, respectively. The employee restricted ordinary shares issued are subject to stockholders' right restrictions, please see Note 6(9) for details. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of these shares issued are the same as other issued ordinary shares. Due to employee termination, reacquired share capital is \$ 412 as of June 30, 2020, including unretired share capital of \$22.
- D. The Board of Directors during its meeting on August 1, 2017, December 8, 2017, February 7, 2018, April 26, 2018 and June 28, 2018 adopted a resolution to issue employee restricted ordinary shares (see Note 6(9)) with the effective date set on August 1, 2017, December 8, 2017, February 7, 2018, April 26, 2018 and June 28, 2018, respectively. Each share will be issued without consideration. The decision of the fair value was based on the closing price of \$437, \$548, \$552, \$437 and \$494 (in dollars) at the grant date, respectively. The employee restricted ordinary shares issued are subject to stockholders' right restrictions, please see Note 6(9) for details. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of these shares issued are the same as other issued ordinary shares. Due to employee termination, reacquired share capital is \$780 as of June 30, 2020, including unretired share capital of \$12.
- E. The Board of Directors during its meeting on July 27, 2016 adopted a resolution to issue employee restricted ordinary shares (see Note 6(9)) with the effective date set on July 27, 2016. Each share will be issued without consideration. The decision of the fair value was based on the closing price of \$298 (in dollars) at the grant date. The employee restricted ordinary shares issued are subject to stockholders' right restrictions, please see Note 6(9) for details. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of these shares issued are the same as other issued ordinary shares. Due to employee termination, reacquired share capital is \$1,092 as of June 30, 2020, including unretired share capital of \$7.
- F. The Board of Directors during its meeting on July 29, 2015 adopted a resolution to issue employee restricted ordinary shares (see Note 6(9)) with the effective date set on July 29, 2015. Each share will be issued without consideration. The decision of the fair value was based on the closing price of \$306.5 (in dollars) at the grant date. The employee restricted ordinary shares issued are subject to stockholders' right restrictions, please see Note 6(9) for details. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of these shares issued are the same as other issued ordinary shares. Due to employee termination, reacquired share capital is \$332 as of June 30, 2020. There are no unretired share capital.

G. Treasury shares

(a) Reason for share reacquisition and movements in the number of the Company's treasury shares are as follows:

		June 30, 2020				
Name of company		Number of shares				
holding the shares	Reason for reacquisition	(in thousands)	Carrying amount			
The Company	To be reissued to employees	250	\$ 101,725			
		Decembe	r 31, 2019			
Name of company		Number of shares				
holding the shares	Reason for reacquisition	(in thousands)	Carrying amount			
The Company	To be reissued to employees	250	\$ 101,725			
		June 3	0, 2019			
Name of company		Number of shares				
holding the shares	Reason for reacquisition	(in thousands)	Carrying amount			
The Company	To be reissued to employees	500	\$ 203,450			

- (b) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, the number of shares bought back as treasury share should not exceed 10% of the number of the Company's issued and outstanding shares and the amount bought back should not exceed the sum of retained earnings, paid-in capital in excess of par value and realised capital surplus.
- (c) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury shares should not be pledged as collateral and is not entitled to dividends before it is reissued.
- (d) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury shares should be reissued to the employees within three years from the reacquisition date and shares not reissued within the three-year period are to be retired. Treasury shares to enhance the Company's credit rating and the stockholders' equity should be retired within nine months of acquisition.

(11) Capital reserves

In accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association and with the approval of the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, the Board of Directors may capitalize any amount within the capital reserve account, including capital reserve - additional paid-in capital and capital redemption reserve. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital reserve to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital reserve should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

(12) Retained earnings

- A. In accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association, if there are profits after the final settlement of account of a year, the Company after its losses have been offset and at the time of allocating surplus profits, may first set aside 10% of the annual profits as statutory reserve until the statutory reserve amounts to the authorized capital, and may appropriate a portion of the annual profits as special reserve required by Applicable Public Company Rules or government authorities. Thereafter, having considered the financial, business and operational factors, the Board may propose and specify no less than 10% of any remaining annual profits after the above plus, at the Board's sole discretion, a certain percent of accumulated retained earnings to be distributed as dividends. Cash dividend shall not be less than 10% of the total dividends declared.
- B. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- C. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When the debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- D. The Company recognized dividends distributed to owners for the years 2020 and 2019. The appropriation of 2019 and 2018 earnings had been approved by the shareholders on June 15, 2020 and June 18, 2019, respectively.

	 2019				2018			
	Amount	Di	vidends per share (in dollars)		Amount	Div	idends per share (in dollars)	
Legal reserve	\$, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\$	-		, , ,	
Special reserve	256,627			(238,333)			
Cash dividends	1,216,887	\$	15.23		980,751	\$	12.41	

For the information relating to the above distribution of earnings as approved by the shareholders, please refer to the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange Company.

(13) Earnings per share

		For the th	ree months ended June	30, 202	0
	Amo	unt after tax	Weighted-average ordinary shares outstanding (in thousands)	7	gs per share T dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	\$	843,563	78,034	\$	10.81
Diluted earnings per share	Ψ	0+3,303	70,034	Ψ	10.01
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the Company	\$	843,563	78,034		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive		,	,		
potential ordinary shares					
Employee stock option		-	428		
Employee compensation		-	177		
Employee restricted stocks			1,373		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company plus					
assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares	\$	843,563	80,012	\$	10.54
	-	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		For the th	ree months ended June	30, 201	9
			Weighted-average ordinary shares		
			outstanding		gs per share
	Amo	unt after tax	(in thousands)	(in N	T dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary	Ф	5.45.01.4	77 000	Ф	7.10
shareholders of the Company	\$	547,014	77,008	\$	7.10
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary	¢	547.014	77.009		
shareholders of the Company Assumed conversion of all dilutive	\$	547,014	77,008		
potential ordinary shares					
Employee stock option		-	397		
Employee compensation		-	234		
Employee restricted stocks		<u>-</u>	2,373		
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the Company plus					
assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	547,014	80,012	\$	6.84

		For the si	ix months ended June	30, 2020)
	Amo	ount after tax	Weighted-average ordinary shares outstanding (in thousands)		gs per share VT dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the Company	\$	1,466,454	77,955	\$	18.81
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the Company	\$	1,466,454	77,955		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares					
Employee stock option		-	384		
Employee compensation		-	250		
Employee restricted stocks		<u>-</u>	1,432		
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the Company plus					
assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	1,466,454	80,021	\$	18.33
potential ordinary shares	<u>Ψ</u>	1,400,434	60,021	Ψ	10.33
		For the si	ix months ended June	30, 2019)
			Weighted-average	-	
			ordinary shares		
			outstanding	Earnin	gs per share
	Amo	ount after tax	(in thousands)	(in N	T dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the Company	\$	1,120,151	76,883	\$	14.57
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the Company	\$	1,120,151	76,883		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares					
Employee stock option		-	423		
Employee compensation		-	324		
Employee restricted stocks		<u>-</u>	2,376		
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the Company plus					
assumed conversion of all dilutive	Φ.	1 100 171	22.22	ф	4.4.00
potential ordinary shares	\$	1,120,151	80,006	\$	14.00

(14) Business combinations

- A. On June 1, 2020, the Group acquired 100% of the share capital of Fresco Logic. Inc. for US\$ 37,169 thousands in cash and obtained the control over Fresco Logic. Inc.. Fresco Logic. Inc. develops high-speed interfacing chips technology. As a result of the acquisition, the Group is expected to increase its presence in these markets.
- B. The following table (expressed in thousands of US dollars) summarises the consideration paid for Fresco Logic. Inc. and the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

	June 1, 2020	
Purchase consideration		
Cash paid	\$	37,169
Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed		
Cash		2,257
Accounts receivable		609
Inventories		313
Other current assets		264
Property, plant and equipment		192
Intangible assets		12,000
Other non-current assets		35
Accounts payable	(938)
Other accounts payable	(1,605)
Other current liabilities	(706)
Total identifiable net assets		12,421
Goodwill	\$	24,748

- C. The fair value of the acquired identifiable intangible assets of US\$12,000 thousands is provisional pending receipt of the final valuations for those assets.
- D. If Fresco Logic. Inc. had been consolidated from January 1, 2020, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income would show operating revenue of \$6,699,732(US\$223,402 thousands) and profit before income tax of \$1,444,102(US\$48,168 thousands).

(15) Operating revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group operates business only in a single industry. The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods over at a point in time in the following major product lines and geographical regions:

	For the three months ended June 30, 2020								
	Serial products	High-speed	Serial products						
	of DisplayPort	interfacing chips Source Drive	er of TrueTouch	Total					
Revenue from external									
customer contracts	\$ 1,787,974	<u>\$ 1,121,750</u> <u>\$ 481,183</u>	\$ 242,012	\$ 3,632,919					
		For the three months ended	June 30, 2019						
	Serial products	High-speed	Serial products						
	of DisplayPort	interfacing chips Source Drive	er of TrueTouch	Total					
Revenue from external									
customer contracts	\$ 1,309,557	<u>\$ 1,084,083</u> <u>\$ 261,909</u>	\$ 168,950	\$ 2,824,499					
		For the six months ended J	For the six months ended June 30, 2020						
	Serial products	High-speed	Serial products						
	•	High-speed interfacing chips Source Drive	-	Total					
Revenue from external	•	0 1	-	Total					
Revenue from external customer contracts	•	interfacing chips Source Drive	er of TrueTouch	Total \$ 6,594,548					
	of DisplayPort	interfacing chips Source Drive	s 369,622						
	of DisplayPort	interfacing chips Source Drive \$ 2,196,896 \$ 860,541	s 369,622						
	of DisplayPort \$ 3,167,489 Serial products	\$\frac{2,196,896}{\text{For the six months ended }}\$	s serial products						
	of DisplayPort \$ 3,167,489 Serial products	interfacing chips Source Drive \$ 2,196,896 \$ 860,541 For the six months ended I High-speed	s serial products	\$ 6,594,548					

(16) <u>Interest income</u>

	For the three months ended June 30,			
	2020		2019	
Interest income:				
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ 225	\$	181	
Interest income from Cash equivalents-				
Money market fund	50		51	
Interest income from Cash equivalents-Treasury bill	 986		30,405	
Total interest income	\$ 1,261	\$	30,637	

		For the six month	s ende	ed June 30,
		2020		2019
Interest income:				
Interest income from bank deposits Interest income from Cash equivalents-	\$	400	\$	505
Money market fund		100		101
Interest income from Cash equivalents-Treasury bill		25,300		50,186
Total interest income	\$	25,800	\$	50,792
(17) Other income				
		For the three mon	ths end	ded June 30,
		2020		2019
Other income-others	\$	2,183	\$	20
	<u> </u>	For the six month	====	
		2020		2019
Other income-others	\$	3,015	\$	20
(18) Expenses by nature				
		For the three mon	ths en	ded June 30,
		2020		2019
Employee benefit expenses	\$	568,889	\$	481,363
Depreciation and amortization charges on	'	,		- 7
equipment and intangible assets		116,362		115,249
Engineering expenses		71,329		66,046
Legal and professional expenses		22,544		10,965
Commission expenses		11,394		8,386
Operating lease payments		4,569		5,826
Other expenses		10,956		20,819
Total manufacturing and operating expenses	\$	806,043	\$	708,654
		For the six mont	hs end	led June 30,
		2020		2019
Employee benefit expenses	\$	1,075,415	\$	951,508
Depreciation and amortization charges on				
equipment and intangible assets		221,526		228,099
Engineering expenses		135,870		125,205
Legal and professional expenses		36,700		21,224
Commission expenses		21,272		16,854
Operating lease payments		9,026		11,656
Other expenses		27,501		37,159
Total manufacturing and operating expenses	\$	1,527,310	\$	1,391,705

(19) Employee benefit expenses

	F	or the three mon	ths ende	d June 30,
		2020	-	2019
Wages and salaries	\$	408,119	\$	328,755
Employee compensation costs		75,534		67,387
Pension costs		22,490		29,927
Other personnel expenses		62,746		55,294
	\$	568,889	\$	481,363
	I	For the six month	hs ended	June 30,
		2020		2019
Wages and salaries	\$	763,501	\$	661,824
Employee compensation costs		156,620		132,721
Pension costs		48,773		58,376
Other personnel expenses		106,521		98,587
	\$	1,075,415	\$	951,508

- A. In accordance with the provisions of the original Articles of Association, the Board of Directors shall provide the distribution plan according to the following requirements: If there are profits after the final settlement of account of a year, the Company (i) after its losses have been offset and at the time of allocating surplus profits, may first set aside 10% of such profits as statutory reserve until the statutory reserve amounts to the authorized capital, (ii) may appropriate a portion of such profits as special reserve required by Applicable Public Company Rules or government authorities, and (iii) of the remaining profits, may appropriate 2% as bonuses to the Directors and an additional but not less than 5% of the remaining profits as employee bonuses, which may be issued by stocks or options, warrants or other similar instruments, to employees of the Company and its subsidiaries.
- B. In accordance with the provisions of the amended Articles of Association approved by the shareholders, where the Company makes profits before tax for the annual financial year, the Company shall appropriate no less than 5% of such annual profits before tax as employees' compensation, which shall be distributed in accordance with the incentive programme approved by majority of the meeting of Board of Directors attended by two-thirds or more of all the Directors and may be distributed to employees of the Company and its subsidiaries and a maximum of 2% as additional directors' remuneration.
- C. The estimated amounts of employees' compensation were \$ 54,522, \$33,765, \$104,218 and \$76,133 and of directors' remuneration were \$ 18,814, \$12,283, \$ 33,539 and \$25,319 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on the distributable profit of current year for the six months ended June 30, 2020, and the percentage of previous year payment. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of 2019 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in the 2019 financial statements, and the employees'

compensation will be distributed in the form of cash.

Information on the appropriation of the Company's employees' compensation and directors' remuneration as resolved by the Board of Directors was posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange Company.

(20) Income tax

Components of income tax expense:

	Fo	r the three mon	ths ended	June 30,
		2020		2019
Current tax:				
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	67,401	\$	44,307
Prior year income tax overestimation	(7,234)	(15,641)
Total current tax		60,167		28,666
Deferred tax:				
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(37,083)	(7,556)
Income tax expense	\$	23,084	\$	21,110
	F	or the six montl	hs ended	June 30,
		2020		2019
Current tax:				
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	128,451	\$	92,760
Prior year income tax overestimation	(14,762)	(31,584)
Total current tax		113,689	-	61,176
Deferred tax:				
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(41,677)	(16,793)
Income tax expense	\$	72,012	\$	44,383
1) Supplemental cash flow information				
Financing activities with no each flow offects:				

(21)

Financing activities with no cash flow effects:

	F	or the six montl	ns ended June 30,		
		2020		2019	
Cash dividends payable	\$	1,216,887	\$	980,751	

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Significant transactions and balances with related parties None.

(2) Key management compensation

	Fc	or the three mon	ths en	ded June 30,
		2020		2019
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	105,032	\$	78,688
Share-based compensation expenses		49,200		39,312
	\$	154,232	\$	118,000

	F	or the six montl	ns end	ed June 30,
		2020		2019
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	180,359	\$	151,338
Share-based compensation expenses		89,237		69,795
	\$	269,596	\$	221,133

- A. Salaries and bonuses include regular wages, special responsibility allowances, pensions, severance pay, various bonuses, employees' compensation, directors' remuneration, rewards and travel or transportation allowances, etc.
- B. Share-based compensation expenses represent the compensation costs accounted for under IFRS 2.

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

None.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

None.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

After the issuance of the employee restricted stocks which was submitted to the FSC for approval and became effective in July 14, 2020, the Board of Directors at their meeting on July 29, 2020 adopted a resolution to issue employee restricted stock amounting to 709 thousand shares without consideration with the effective date set on July 29, 2020.

12. OTHERS

(1) Consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019 and consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 in functional currency

The Company prepares its consolidated financial statements in US Dollars. For the purpose of application for listing in the Taipei Exchange in R.O.C., the consolidated financial statements were translated into New Taiwan Dollars in accordance with Note 4. Since the functional currency is US Dollars, the supplementary disclosure of consolidated balance sheets and statements of comprehensive income in US Dollars are as follows:

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF US DOLLARS)

(CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019 ARE REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

	June 30, 2	2020	December 3	1, 2019	June 30,	2019
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 272,560	52	\$ 270,380	59	\$ 241,339	55
Accounts receivable, net	57,635	11	39,944	8	43,527	10
Inventories, net	33,248	6	31,481	7	36,945	8
Prepayments	11,555	2	8,344	2	7,807	2
Other current assets	12,444	3	10,048	2	10,785	2
Total current assets	387,442	74	360,197	78	340,403	77
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment, net	10,211	2	9,267	2	9,251	2
Right-of-use assets	5,023	1	6,055	2	7,017	2
Intangible assets	113,516	22	79,207	17	82,160	19
Deferred income tax assets	5,253	1	3,801	1	2,465	-
Other non-current assets	898		866		876	
Total non-current assets	134,901	26	99,196	22	101,769	23
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 522,343	100	\$ 459,393	100	\$ 442,172	100
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	<u> </u>					
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 29,177	6	\$ 26,224	6	\$ 30,762	7
Other payables	70,442	14	24,640	5	55,496	12
Current income tax liabilities	18,975	4	20,556	4	17,443	4
Lease liabilities - current	1,936	-	2,199	1	2,056	-
Other current liabilities	8,201	1	6,341	<u>l</u>	6,593	2
Total current liabilities	128,731	25	79,960	17	112,350	25
Non-current liabilities						
Lease liabilities - non-current	3,087	1	3,856	1	4,961	1
Total non-current liabilities	3,087	1	3,856	1	4,961	1
Total liabilities	131,818	26	83,816	18	117,311	26
Equity attributable to owners of the Company						
Share capital						
Ordinary shares	26,343	5	26,313	6	26,085	6
Capital reserves						
Capital reserves	105,244	20	103,824	23	94,579	21
Retained earnings						
Legal reserve	26,376	5	26,376	6	26,376	6
Special reserve	8,577	2	275	-	275	-
Unappropriated earnings	246,310	48	245,024	53	201,588	46
Other equity						
Other equity	(19,029) (4)		5)		
Treasury shares	(3,296) (1)	(3,296) (1)	(6,592) (1)
Equity attributable to owners of	200 525	75	275 577	0.2	224.961	7.4
the Company	390,525	75	375,577	82	324,861	74
Total equity	390,525	75	375,577	82	324,861	74
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 522,343	101	\$ 459,393	100	\$ 442,172	100

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF US DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS) (UNAUDITED)

		For the thre	e mont	hs	ended June	30),	Fo	r the si	x moi	nths	ended June	30,
		2020			2019				2020			2019	
		Amount	%	-	Amount	9	%	Amo	ount	%		Amount	%
Revenues	\$	121,543	100	\$	90,703	1	.00	\$ 219	9,903	100) 5	\$ 184,423	100
Cost of goods sold	(67,738) (56)	(52,602)	(58)	(12	2,200)	(5	5) (107,080)	(58)
Gross profit	_	53,805	44		38,101		42	9′	7,703	4	1	77,343	42
Operating expenses													
Sales and marketing expenses	(5,239) (4)	(4,463)	(5)	(10	0,103)	(4	1) (8,998)	(5)
General and administrative expenses	(4,516) (4)	(3,123)	(3)	(8,157)	(4	1) (6,223)	(3)
Research and development expenses	(_	15,198) (12)	(13,353)	(15)	(9,096)	(1;	3) (26,140)	(14)
Total operating expenses	(_	24,953) (20)	(20,939)	(23)	(4	7,356)	(2	<u>l) (</u>	41,361)	(22)
Operating income	_	28,852	24		17,162		19	5	0,347	2	3	35,982	20
Non-operating income and expenses													
Interest income		43	-		985		1		857		l	1638	1
Other income		73	-		1		-		101		-	1	-
Other gains and losses	_	27		_	97				2		_ (_	31)	
Total non-operating income		1.42			1.002				0.60			1.600	1
and expenses	_	143			1,083		1		960		<u> </u>	1,608	1
Income before income tax	,	28,995	24	,	18,245	,	20		1,307	2		37,590	21
Income tax expense	(_	772) (1)	_	678)	(1)	(2,397)	(l) (1,433)	(1)
Net income for the period from										_	_		• 0
continuing operations	_	28,223	23		17,567	_	19	4	8,910	2:		36,157	
Other comprehensive income (loss)													
Components of other comprehensive income (lo	oss)												
that will be reclassified to profit or loss													
Currency translation differences of													
foreign operations		140		(198)				70			114	
Components of other comprehensive income	e (los	ss)											
that will be reclassified to profit or loss		140		(198)				70			114	
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$	28,363	23	\$	17,369		19	\$ 43	8,980	2:	3 5	36,271	20
Net income attributable to:													
Owners of the Company	\$	28,223	23	\$	17,567	_	19	\$ 4	8,910	2.	3 5	36,157	20
Comprehensive income attributable to:													
Owners of the Company	\$	28,363	23	\$	17,369		19	\$ 43	8,980	2:	3 5	\$ 36,271	20
Earnings per share													
Basic earnings per share	\$		0.36	\$		0.	.23	\$		0.6	3 5	\$	0.47
Diluted earnings per share	\$		0.35	\$		0.	.22	\$		0.6	1 5	\$	0.45

(2) Capital management

The Group manages its capital in a manner to ensure that it has sufficient and necessary financial resources to fund its working capital needs, capital asset purchases, research and development activities, dividend payments, debt service requirements and other business requirements associated with its existing operations over the next 12 months.

(3) Financial risk of financial instruments

A. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (such as foreign exchange risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

B. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group's major purchases and sales transactions are denominated in US Dollars. The change in fair value will be caused by fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate; however, the amounts and periods of the Group's assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are equivalent, so the market risk could be offset.
- ii. The Group's businesses involve non-functional currency operations.

The information on assets denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

			June 30, 20	20	
	Foreign Cur	rency			
	Amoun	ıt	Exchange	Book	Value
	(In thousand	nds)	Rate	(in RMB	thousands)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)					
Financial assets - monetary items					
USD:RMB	\$	246	7.077	\$	1,741

		De	cember 31,	2019	
	Foreign	Currency			
	Am	ount	Exchange		Book Value
	(In the	usands)	Rate	(in F	RMB thousands)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)					
Financial assets - monetary items					
USD:RMB	\$	1,922	6.980	\$	13,415
			June 30, 20	19	
	Foreign	Currency			
	Am	ount	Exchange		Book Value
	(In the	usands)	Rate	(in F	RMB thousands)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)					
Financial assets - monetary items					
USD:RMB	\$	246	6.874	\$	1,691

Based on the foreign currency quoted position held by the Group as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, as US dollars appreciate/depreciate by 1%, the profit or loss before tax of the Group would increase by \$74 and \$76, respectively.

iii. The exchange loss (gain) arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to (\$1,542), (\$2,724), (\$18) and \$406, respectively.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Group treasury. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. If the contract payments were past due over 60 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- iv. If the contract payments were past due based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.

- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with customer types. The Group applies the simplified approach using loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- vii. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures.
- viii. The Group applies the simplified approach to estimate expected credit loss of refundable deposits. The amount is immaterial. Therefore, the Group did not recognize expected credit loss at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019.
- ix. The Group used timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. The Group's expected credit loss rate of accounts receivable as of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	 Ne	ever	occurred loss (No	te)	
	 Not past due		Up to 60 days past due		Up to 90 days past due
At June 30, 2020					
Expected loss rate					0.5%
Total book value	\$ 1,543,414	\$	164,298	\$	-
Loss allowance	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	Ne	ever	occurred loss (No	te)	
	91~180 days past due		181~360 days past due		Up to 360 days past due
At June 30, 2020	 pust due		pust due		pust duc
Expected loss rate	1%~5%		50%~75%		100%
Total book value	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Loss allowance	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	Occurred loss		Total		
At June 30, 2020	_		_		
Expected loss rate	100%				
Total book value	\$ -	\$	1,707,712		
Loss allowance	\$ -	\$			

		Ne	ever	occurred loss (No	te)	
	N	ot past due		Up to 60 days past due		Up to 90 days past due
At December 31, 2019		or pust due		pust due	_	pust due
Expected loss rate						0.5%
Total book value	\$	1,147,854	\$	49,679	\$	-
Loss allowance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
		Ne	WAT	occurred loss (No	te)	
	 Q1	1~180 days	VCI	181~360 days	(C)	Up to 360 days
	<i>)</i> 1	past due		past due		past due
At December 31, 2019		pust due		pust due	_	pust due
Expected loss rate		1%~5%		50%~75%		100%
Total book value	\$	170 370	\$	3070 1370	\$	10070
Loss allowance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Oc	curred loss		Total		
At December 31, 2019						
Expected loss rate		100%				
Total book value	\$	-	\$	1,197,533		
Loss allowance	\$	-	\$	-		
		Ne	ever	occurred loss (No	te)	
		Ne	ever	occurred loss (No Up to 60 days	te)	Up to 90 days
	N	Not past due	ever	,	te)	Up to 90 days past due
At June 30, 2019	N		ever	Up to 60 days	te)	
Expected loss rate	N		ever	Up to 60 days	<u>te)</u>	
Expected loss rate Total book value	N		s *	Up to 60 days	\$	past due
Expected loss rate		ot past due	_	Up to 60 days past due	_	past due
Expected loss rate Total book value	\$	ot past due 1,092,424	\$ \$	Up to 60 days past due 259,516	\$ \$	past due
Expected loss rate Total book value	\$ \$	ot past due 1,092,424 - Ne	\$ \$	Up to 60 days past due 259,516 - coccurred loss (No	\$ \$	past due 0.5%
Expected loss rate Total book value	\$ \$	ot past due 1,092,424 - Ne	\$ \$	Up to 60 days past due 259,516 - coccurred loss (No. 181~360 days	\$ \$	past due 0.5% Up to 360 days
Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance	\$ \$	ot past due 1,092,424 - Ne	\$ \$	Up to 60 days past due 259,516 - coccurred loss (No	\$ \$	past due 0.5%
Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance At June 30, 2019	\$ \$	ot past due 1,092,424 Ne	\$ \$	Up to 60 days past due 259,516 - coccurred loss (No. 181~360 days past due	\$ \$	past due 0.5% Up to 360 days past due
Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance At June 30, 2019 Expected loss rate	\$ \$	ot past due 1,092,424 - Ne	\$ \$	Up to 60 days past due 259,516 - coccurred loss (No. 181~360 days	\$ \$	past due 0.5% Up to 360 days
Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance At June 30, 2019	\$ \$	ot past due 1,092,424 Ne	\$ \$	Up to 60 days past due 259,516 - coccurred loss (No. 181~360 days past due	\$ \$	past due 0.5% Up to 360 days past due
Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance At June 30, 2019 Expected loss rate Total book value	\$ \$ 91	1,092,424 - Nel ~180 days past due 1%~5%	\$ \$ ever	Up to 60 days past due 259,516 - coccurred loss (No 181~360 days past due 50%~75%	\$ \$ tte)	past due 0.5% Up to 360 days past due
Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance At June 30, 2019 Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance	\$ \$ 91	ot past due 1,092,424 Ne	\$ \$ ever	Up to 60 days past due 259,516 - coccurred loss (No. 181~360 days past due	\$ \$ tte)	past due 0.5% Up to 360 days past due
Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance At June 30, 2019 Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance At June 30, 2019	\$ \$ 91	1,092,424 - Nell~180 days past due 1%~5% - curred loss	\$ \$ ever	Up to 60 days past due 259,516 - coccurred loss (No 181~360 days past due 50%~75%	\$ \$ tte)	past due 0.5% Up to 360 days past due
Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance At June 30, 2019 Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance At June 30, 2019 Expected loss rate	\$ \$ \$ \$ Oc	1,092,424 - Nel ~180 days past due 1%~5%	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Up to 60 days past due 259,516	\$ \$ tte)	past due 0.5% Up to 360 days past due
Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance At June 30, 2019 Expected loss rate Total book value Loss allowance At June 30, 2019	\$ \$ 91	1,092,424 - Nell~180 days past due 1%~5% - curred loss	\$ \$ ever	Up to 60 days past due 259,516 - coccurred loss (No 181~360 days past due 50%~75%	\$ \$ tte)	past due 0.5% Up to 360 days past due

Note: Based on past experience, it has been shown that the defaults of these customers have been extremely low, so the expected credit losses are measured at a single loss rate based on the past due dates. The amount of allowance for doubtful accounts were not significant, so the Group had not recognized related impact as at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019.

x. Movements in relation to the Group applying the approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable has no change for the six months ended as of June 30, 2020 and 2019.

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits, money market fund and treasury bill, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts. The Group held money market funds of \$33,314, \$33,608 and \$34,712, and treasury bills of \$5,273,969, \$5,896,807 and \$5,610,635 as at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, respectively, which are expected to immediately generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

June 30, 2020	 Less than 1 year	Between 1 year and 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 864,510	\$ -
Other payables	2,137,572	-
Lease liability	57,378	91,461
December 31, 2019	 Less than 1 year	Between 1 year and 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 786,191	\$ -
Other payables	738,687	-
Lease liability	65,937	115,606
June 30, 2019	 Less than 1 year	Between 1 year and 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 955,482	\$ -
Other payables	1,694,109	-
Lease liability	63,867	154,082

(4) Fair value information

- A. The different levels of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.
- B. There were no financial instruments measured at fair value recognized as at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019.
- C. For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- D. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The book value of financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other current assets, accounts payable and other payables, reasonably approximates their fair value.

13. <u>ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY THE SECURITIES AND FUTURES BUREAU</u>

(1) Related information of significant transactions

The disclosed information for the investees has been eliminated during the preparation of consolidated financial statements. The following information is only for reference.

- A. Loans granted during the six months ended June 30, 2020: None.
- B. Endorsements and guarantees provided during the six months ended June 30, 2020: None.
- C. Marketable securities held as at June 30, 2020 (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): None.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the six months ended June 30, 2020: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate properties exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the six months ended June 30, 2020: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate properties exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the six months ended June 30, 2020: None.
- G. Purchases from or sales to related parties exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the six months ended June 30, 2020: None.
- H. Receivables from related parties exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital as at June 30, 2020: None.
- I. Derivative financial instruments undertaken during the six months ended June 30, 2020: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions for the six months ended June 30, 2020: Please refer to table 1.

(2) <u>Disclosure information of investee company (not including investees in Mainland China)</u> Please refer to table 2.

(3) Disclosure information on indirect investments in Mainland China

- A. Information on investments in Mainland China: Please refer to table 3.
- B. The Company's transactions with investee companies in China through other entities outside of Taiwan and China
 - (a) Purchases and percentage of purchases and ending balance of accounts payable and percentage: None.
 - (b) Sales and percentage of sales and ending balance of accounts receivable and percentage: None.
 - (c) Amount of property transactions and relevant profit and loss: None.
 - (d) Amount and purpose of endorsement and guarantee: None.
 - (e) Maximum amount of lending/borrowing, ending balance, interest rate and total amount of interest paid for the period: None.
 - (f) Other transactions that have significant impact to current period profit/loss or financial status, such as provision or acceptance of services: Please refer to Note 13(1)J.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 4.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The Group operates business only in a single industry. The Board of Directors, who allocates resources and assesses performance of the Group as a whole, has identified that the Group has only one reportable operating segment.

(2) Segment information

The Group's segment profit (loss), assets and liabilities information is in agreement with its major financial statement information.

(3) Reconciliation for segment profit (loss)

The Group's segment profit (loss), assets and liabilities information is in agreement with its major financial statement information.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES SIGNIFICANT INTER-COMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)			Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)	
0	Parade Technologies, Ltd.	Parade Technologies, Inc.	(1)	Service expense	\$ 489,946	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	7%	
			(1)	Other payables	93,559	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	1%	
		Parade Technologies Korea, Ltd.	(1)	Service expense	10,594	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%	
			(1)	Other payables	1,998	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%	
		Parade Technologies, Inc. (Shanghai)	(1)	Service expense	264,450	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	4%	
			(1)	Other payables	262,087	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	2%	
		Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Nanjing)	(1)	Service expense	111,437	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	2%	
			(1)	Other payables	72,763	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%	
		Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Chongqing)	(1)	Service expense	-	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%	
			(1)	Other receivable	2,647	In accordance with the agreement, depend on the financial condition of the paying firm	0%	

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES (NOT INCLUDING INVESTEES IN MAINLAND CHINA)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				 Initial investment amount Shares held as at 6/30/2020		Investment income								
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	lance as at 5/30/2020		Balance as at 1/1/2020	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	į	Book value	Net income of the investee		recognized by the Company	Footnote
The Company	Parade Technologies, Inc.	United States	Providing sales and marketing, general and administrative, and research and development services to the Company	\$ 38,519	\$	38,519	10,000	100	\$	1,476,743	\$ 74,774	\$	74,774	
The Company	Parade Technologies Korea, Ltd.	South Korea	Providing sales and marketing, general and administrative services to the Company	\$ 1,482	\$	1,482	10,000	100	\$	14,665	\$ 488	\$	488	
The Company	Parade Technogies Ireland, Ltd.	Ireland	Providing research and development services to the Company	\$ -	\$	-	1	100	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
The Company	Pinchot Ltd.	Cayman	Providing administrative services to the Company	\$ 1,111,125	\$	-	37,500	100	\$	1,101,307	\$ -	\$	-	

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES INFORMATION ON INVESTEES IN MAINLAND CHINA

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China Parade	Main activities Providing research	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	as of 1/1/2020	Amount remitted to Mainland China during the period	Amount remitted back to Taiwan during the period	as of 6/30/2020	Net income of the investee \$ 5, 301	Ownership held by the Company (%)	Investment income recognized by the Company for the period \$ 5, 301	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of 6/30/2020 \$394, 574	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of 6/30/2020	Footnote
Technologies, Inc. (Shanghai)	and development services to the Company							. ,			, ,		
Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Nanjing)	Providing research and development services to the Company	59, 260	2	-	-	-	-	1, 347	100	1, 347	152, 981	-	
Parade Technologies, Ltd. (Chongqing)	Providing research and development services to the Company	-	2	-	-	-	-	(694)	100	(694)	(682)		
			Ceiling on										
			investments in										
		Investment amount approved by the	Mainland China imposed										
	Accumulated amount	Investment	by the										
	of remittance from	Commission of the	Investment										
	Taiwan to	-	Commission of										
~	Mainland China		MOEA (Note										
Company name	as of 3/31/2020	(MOEA) (Note 2)	2)										
The Company	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -										

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following two categories:

Note 2:The Company is registered in Cayman Islands; therefore, its investment in Mainland China does not need approval from the Investment Commission of MOEA.

⁽¹⁾Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

⁽²⁾Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.

PARADE TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Table 4 Expressed in thousands of NTD

		(Except as otherwise indicated)		
	Shares			
Name of major shareholders	Name of shares held	Ownership (%)		
2018 2nd Investment Account of New Labor Pension Fund Fully Authorized to Capital Securities Corp.	4,213,500	5.26 %		